New-York Daily Times.

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LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph, to the New-York Daily Times.

Magnetic Telegraph Co.'s Office—3d Basement, and 121 Broadway.
House Printing Telegraph—Office No. 21 Wall-street.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Interesting Debate in the Senate—Attempt to Fix the Adjournment—Another Slice of Mexico—Anti-Nebraska Caucus.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 14.

The debate in the Senate, to-day, was highly interesting. Messrs. WILSON, HARLAN and HALE triumphantly met and repelled the arguments of the opposition to LANE's Memorial. It will be seen that the Nebraska men refused even to receive it and denied the right of petition.

Mr. CASS's attempt to introduce a resolution, today, fixing the adjournment for the 16th of August, evidently was designed to prevent discussion of the Kansas question after the return of HOWARD's Committee. This doubtless is the plan of the Administration. It should be defeated at any cost.

ESCAMBON, the wealthy Mexican banker, P. A. HARGOUS and others arrived here with Señor ROBLES, the new Mexican Minister. It is rumored that they have a scheme in hand for the sale of another slice of Mexico to the United States.

The Anti-Nebraska men held a most enthusiastic and harmonious caucus to-night. Mr. STANTON of Ohio presided. Mr. SEWARD introduced resolutions congratulating the country on the recent victories, as cheering evidence of the cordial union of the opponents of Slavery extension. A number of stirring speeches were made by Messrs. SEWARD, HALE and others. Steps were also taken to defeat the attempts of the Administration to get an adjournment before the Kansas Committee's report shall be received and discussed. S.

The Clay Celebration at the Slash Cottage—Fire in Richmond.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 14.

The Clay Celebration at the Slash Cottage was attended by Attorney-General CUSHING, Messrs. CRITTENDEN, BUTLER, MASON, DOUGLAS, BIGLER, and others of the Senate. Mr. CUSHING and a number of the Senators made speeches.

Christ Church and FRENCH' carriage factory were destroyed by fire at Richmond on Sunday.

XXXIVth CONGRESS—First Session.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Monday, April 14.

THE KANSAS MEMORIAL AGAIN.

Mr. HARLAN presented an affidavit made by Col. LANE, subject to the Kansas memorial, which was presented to the Senate by Gen. CASS and returned by the Senate.

Mr. HARLAN said that respect for the Senate called upon him to explain why he should present the second time the memorial of the members of the Provisional Legislature of Kansas. He alluded to the charge made on Thursday last, that the paper was a forgery, because the signatures were all in the same hand-writing, and said that to him it was the same thing whether his name was attached to a paper by his authority or in his own handwriting. Again, if the paper is a copy of the original memorial, the establishment of that fact is proof of its authenticity. He thought it would be a little strange to argue against the authenticity of the Bible because we are unable to lay our hands on the original parchments as they came from the hands of the patriarchs, prophets, and apostles. Although those parchments had been copied millions of times, and had been translated into various languages, there were few who doubted the genuineness of the Scriptures on this account. Mr. HARLAN then proceeded to speak of the character of JAMES H. LANE, saying he had been a Democrat from his youth. His father, AMOS LANE, was twice Speaker of the Indiana House of Representatives, elected by the Democrats, and, when a member of Congress, he was the wheel-horse of Gen. JACKSON's Administration. The career of JAMES H. LANE was then traced by Mr. HARLAN, from his appointment as Postmaster, by Mr. VAN BUREN, down to the present time, alluding to his services in the Mexican war, and stating that he was one of the Democratic electors for PIERCE and KING.

Mr. HARLAN read Mr. LANE's petition, which says that the General Assembly of the Provisional State of Kansas appointed a Committee to draft a memorial asking Congress to admit Kansas into the Union with the Topeka Constitution. The Committee reported a rough draft, which unanimously passed each house—but though correct in matter of fact, it was deemed by members as crude and prolix in phraseology, and to remedy these defects it was referred to a Committee with power to revise, modify, and correct it, and to prepare three copies—one for each House of Congress, and one for the people of the United States. Such revision was accordingly made. Mr. LANE prays the Senate to receive the memorial, being the same as that heretofore submitted by Mr. CASS.

At 1 o'clock the Chair announced the special order.

Mr. DOUGLAS desired Mr. HARLAN to finish his remarks, as he intended to reply.

Mr. WELLER desired to know when the Pacific Railroad Bill would come up. Three weeks ago it was made the special order for to-day. If it should be laid over until to-morrow, it would interfere with Mr. CLAY, who has the floor on the Kansas question.

Mr. DOUGLAS urged that this subject ought to be disposed of without delay, and on his motion the special order was postponed.

Mr. HARLAN demolished his remarks, in the course of which he alluded to Mr. BUTLER as being familiar with the names of Hector, Priam and Nestor—heroes of the Trojan war, but seemed more ignorant of heroes who had fought the battles of his own country.

Mr. BUTLER replied, that he had sometimes illustrated his remarks by allusions to the *Iliad*, and did not know but exploits at the battle of Buena Vista would yet be set to verse, and styled the "Lane-iad." [Laughter.] He asked pardon of the Senator from Indiana for using the word "Gravesman," for, he said, he knew about as much of it, as Mr. HARLAN did of Hector. [Laughter.]

Mr. DOUGLAS stated his reasons for objecting to the reception of the document which the Senate had once rejected, and which it was now attempted to reintroduce. As to the Democracy of Col. LANE, he had nothing to say, now that he had fallen from grace. FRANCIS P. BLAIR and ANDREW J. DONELSON were Democrats once. Nobody regarded them as such now, when one is a leader of the Black Republicans and the other the Know-Nothing candidate for Vice-President. Mr. DOUGLAS said the memorial was a forgery, because it had been materially altered since its reputed signers saw it.

Mr. WADE replied to what he termed the pettifogging arguments of Mr. DOUGLAS.

Mr. PUGH said that if the General Assembly of Kansas should adopt the report of the Committee of Supervision, and send the memorial prepared by them to the Senate properly signed and authenticated, it would then be time enough to receive it.

Mr. HALE said Col. LANE had been accused of fraud or forgery, and his character assailed by various Senators. Mr. LANE had then prepared a statement explaining and vindicating his character, and praying that his former memorial be received. The question now is, shall a man who is accused be heard in his own defence. If his explanation should be deemed satisfactory, then the Senate could decide upon granting his prayer and receiving the memorial which had been rejected.

Mr. WILSON said Mr. DOUGLAS had indulged in partisan catchwords unworthy of the Senate. The term Black Republicans had been applied to the friends of Freedom—but between this and that of Border-Ruffian Democrat the Republicans were ready to take issue before the country. It was under the malign influence of DAVID ATCHISON that the Border-Ruffian secret societies were organized in Missouri, to plant Slavery in Kansas. The Senator from Illinois said he would beat us down—but he can subdue us never. We shall yet have a majority of members here and in the other House, and a man at the other end of Pennsylvania-avenue at the head of the Government who will conduct it on true Democratic principles. [Laughter.]

Mr. WELLER—No doubt of it.

Mr. DOUGLAS replied, explaining that he had used the word subdue as applicable to the traitors and rebels in Kansas. He had used the word "black" to designate the Republicans because every clause in their platform relates to the negro question; he had used it also as a substitute for defunct national republicans. What could be more appropriate? These principles are sectional, and not avowed in the Slave States.

Mr. WILSON (interrupting) said he had addressed a large meeting in a City Hall in Delaware, on Saturday, and laid down the doctrines of the Republican Party freely and plainly, and they were generally assented to there. The Republicans claim that their principles are National, and that they have advocates in every section of the Union.

Mr. DOUGLAS trusted that wherever avowed they will be avowed as boldly and explicitly as in the North. As to the increase of Black Republican members of Congress the feat was accomplished by fusion. The Democratic Presidential candidate will take issue with that of the Black Republicans, and will boldly go before the country on the Nebraska-Kansas act and the important doctrines it involves. He refuted what he termed the Abolition libels and foul slanders on him, and said they had been invented for partisan and malicious purposes, owing to his course on the Nebraska-Kansas bill.

Mr. WILSON alluding to remarks made by Mr. DOUGLAS about amalgamation, said the charge usually comes from men with the odor of amalgamation on themselves. [Laughter.] He (Mr. WILSON) knew no reason why a man, because feeble, should be degraded by unjust and unequal laws. He did not disown the name of Abolitionist. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON, JAY, HAMILTON, FRANKLIN, and the men who formed the Constitution, and carried us through the fire and blood of the Revolution, were Abolitionists. The Republican Party oppose Slavery everywhere, but he would rather die in his place than interfere with it in the States. The people of Kansas are not rebels, but law-abiding citizens. He thought Mr. DOUGLAS has a hard road to travel, and will realize that those for whom he fought cannot afford to be generous, and will find to be true the remark of a keen eminent politician—"Gratitude is a lively sense of favors to come."

Mr. STUART deprecated the discussion here of the delicate and exciting question of Slavery, by those whose openly avowed object is to grasp the reins of power. It has been seized with the avidity that hungry hounds rush upon a carcass. It grieved him to see the urgent business of the country neglected for such unworthy purposes. He thought the remark of Mr. WILSON, that "the South could not be kicked out of the Union," should have been reserved for some other place or occasion.

Mr. WILSON—I said that the men who threaten to dissolve the Union cannot be kicked out, but I did not use the word South, for I think we shall have no trouble.

At the instance of Mr. STEWART, the motion to receive Mr. LANE's petition was laid on the table by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Adams, Allen, Benjamin, Bigler, Bright, Brodhead, Butler, Cass, Clayton, Dodge of Iowa, Fitzpatrick, Hunter, Iverson, James, Jones of Iowa, Jones of Tenn., Pugh, Reid, Rusk, Sebastian, Slidell, Stuart, Toombs, Toucey, Weller, Wright, Yulee.

NAYS—Messrs. Collamer, Durkee, Foot, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, Seward, Sumner, Trumbull, Wade, Wilson.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 14.

LOUISIANA CONTESTED SEAT.

The Committee on Elections were discharged from the further consideration of the memorial of Mr. FARRE, of Louisiana, contesting the seat of Mr. EUSTIS.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. COBB, of Georgia, asked leave to submit a resolution, closing the present session of Congress on the 4th of July.

Mr. WASHBURN, of Maine, said this movement was intended to smother the Kansas investigation.

The House refused to suspend the rules for the purpose of receiving the resolution, by a vote of 98 against 57; two-thirds being necessary to suspend the rules.

ONLY ONE WOMAN FOR EACH MAN.

Mr. HALL asked leave to offer a resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the propriety of an enactment by Congress of a law prohibiting, under appropriate penalties, any person married and having a husband or wife living from intermarrying and cohabiting with another within any Territory of the United States, anything in any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

The reading of the resolution created a great deal of laughter.

Mr. COBB—I object for the benefit of my neighbor, (referring to Mr. DEVENSON.)

Renewed laughter followed this sally.

A VOICE—Is there a law in that Territory permitting a woman to have more than one husband?

Ha! ha! ha! from all parts of the House.

The House refused to suspend the rules by a vote of 86 against 56—not two-thirds.

The Deficiency Appropriation bill was then considered. Adjourned.

United States Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 14.

No. 188.—The New-York and Virginia Steamship Company, owners of the Roanoke, appellants, vs. George Hotchkiss. Appeal from the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New-York. The matters in controversy settled between the parties, and the case dismissed with costs.

No. 60.—J. W. Gosice *et al.*, owners of the steamer *Autocrat*, vs. Theo. Shute *et al.*, owners steamer *Magnolia*. Argued by Mr. Sargent for the appellants, and Mr. Benjamin for the appellees.

Later from Havana and Key West—More Indian Outrages in Florida.

CHARLESTON, Monday, April 14.

The steamship *Isabel*, with Havana dates to the 10th inst., has arrived at this port. Among her passengers is Senator MALLORY. She brings no news of importance from Havana.

From Key West, we learn that the ship *Allen*, of Boston, went ashore on the 29th, and was rescued by the wreckers. The salvage and expenses amounted to $2,050. She sailed for New Orleans on the 3d inst.

The ship *James Guthrie* went ashore on the 28th ult., but she was got off by the wreckers, and taken to Garden Key, whence the steamer Crusader towed her to Key West.

The ship *Washington*, from Philadelphia for New-Orleans, passed Sand Key on the 4th, partially dismasted, having experienced a gale on the 24th ult. She reports seeing the ship *India*, dismasted by the same gale.

The cargo, stores and materials of the ship *Massey*, previously reported, had been sold for $9,000.

The ship *Francis*, of Portland, from Boston for Havana, was wrecked on Dog Rocks.

Further Indian outrages are reported near Tampa. Capt. PRATT's party, at Cape Roman, had been attacked, and Corporal CROOK and one private killed and two wounded. More United States troops were urgently required.

Arrest of Half Robbers.

RE-ARREST OF GEORGE W. TOWNSEND.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 14.

Colonel HUGHES, Special Agent of the Post-Office Department, arrested, this morning, GEORGE W. TOWNSEND, who broke jail at Newcastle, while waiting sentence for stealing a letter from the Wilmington Post-Office. The prisoner had a hearing before Commissioner HARLETT, and was remanded to prison to await a requisition from the United States authorities in Delaware. He had three revolvers on his person, and every barrel in them charged. When he escaped from prison he liberated seven other prisoners. TOWNSEND is about twenty years of age.

ARREST OF JOSEPH ROACH.

ALBANY, Monday, April 14.

JOSEPH ROACH, a stage driver, has been arrested in Salini County, Missouri, for robbing the mail. A draft for $1,925, and other moneys, were found in his possession, which he had abstracted from letters.

The Storm Westward.

CLEVELAND, Monday, April 14.

The storm of Saturday did a great deal of damage along the line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad. A church and fifteen houses were blown down at Alliance, and one man killed. A large number of trees were blown across the track between Salem and Damascus.

The Southern Mail—Ship Ashore.

BALTIMORE, Monday, April 14.

New-Orleans papers of Tuesday of last week are received, but they contain nothing of interest.

The Charleston papers report that a ship was seen ashore at Cape Romain—supposed to be the *Abby Langdon*, of New-York, from Havre for Savannah.

Navigation of the Hudson.

ALBANY, Monday, April 14.

No tows from New-York have yet arrived here. The steam tug *Anna* with thirteen barges is expected here this afternoon.

Massacre of Indians in Northern Mexico.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, April 12.

By the steamer *Louisiana* we have Galveston dates to the 8th inst. The Texas news unimportant. The Indian depredations in Northern Mexico continued without abatement. Col. ZENAGUA surprised a party of Lipans, killed forty and took one hundred prisoners.

The Southern Steamers.

ARRIVAL OF THE SOUTHERNER AT CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, April 12.

The U. S. mail steamship *Southerner*, Captain THOMAS BURK, arrived here this (Saturday) morning. The *James Adger* will be detained at this port till Sunday noon, when she will leave for New-York.

ARRIVAL OF THE ALABAMA AT SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, Saturday, April 12.

The U. S. mail steamship *Alabama* has arrived at this port from New-York.

Hartford Municipal Election.

HARTFORD, Monday, April 14.

The Democrats have carried the city of Hartford by 600 majority on Mayor, and they carry four of the six Wards, electing by large majorities their Aldermen and Councilmen.

The Defaulting Treasurer of New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, April 12.

Mr. GARLAND, the defaulting Treasurer, of New-Orleans, has been allowed his liberty on giving $40,000 bonds for his appearance for trial.

Pardon of Dr. Graham—Letter from the Governor.

From the Albany Journal, April 14.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, ALBANY, April 9, 1856.

To His Excellency the Governor of Louisiana:

ROBERT M. GRAHAM, a citizen of your State, was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree, at the October term of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in the City of New-York, and sentenced to the State Prison for seven years.

His case is a striking illustration of the effects of an unsound public opinion on the subject of intemperance.

The hotels in our cities, designed for the comfort and rational enjoyment of travelers, are nevertheless ostentatiously supplied with temptations addressed to low and diseased appetites. Weak-minded people seek them for purposes of idle show and vagrant dissipation, and coarse and reckless ones resort to them as places for the exhibition of noisy and vaporing courage and vulgar controversy. Such persons, conscious of often being offensive to others, and expecting others to be offensive possibly towards them, arm themselves with concealed weapons, and so are always ready to become assassins upon any rude provocation. Brawls occur just in proportion as men are prepared and armed for them in times and places where excitable groups assemble.

Society has hitherto seemed content with the hazards of breaches of the peace in places of public resort, rather than consent to an abridgement of the temptations to crime which unrestrained appetite demands. But while refusing to prevent crime by removing temptations, society nevertheless vainly expects to obtain security by bringing to condign punishment those who commit crime under the influence of intemperance.

ROBERT M. GRAHAM, a native of Kentucky and a citizen of Louisiana, with his wife, and CHARLES LOUDON, a native of North Carolina, and a citizen of California, with his wife, were lodgers at a hotel in Broadway, New-York, in August, 1854. The parties occupied contiguous rooms, but were entirely unacquainted with each other. LOUDON had, in his room, two pistols and a six-barreled locket Colt's revolver, while GRAHAM carried, habitually, a sword cane in his hand. An affray occurred between them at an early hour in the morning, which resulted in the death of LOUDON. LOUDON was unarmed during the encounter, while his antagonist was in possession of his accustomed deadly weapon.

When the inmates of the Hotel awoke that morning, there was a dead body and a widow there. They were naturally filled with horror and indignation, and in a few hours the city and even the State were excited and alarmed, demanding speedy and condign punishment.

The Grand Jury indicted GRAHAM for murder. His trial came on on an early day. He was acquitted of the charge of murder and convicted of manslaughter in the second degree, and was sentenced to seven years imprisonment in the State Prison.

I think the verdict and the sentence were sustained by the evidence on the trial. But since the sentence has gone into effect, new testimony has been presented to me, which, if it had been produced on the trial, would, in my opinion, have materially modified the verdict and sentence. This testimony has been corroborated and confirmed by circumstances which are entirely conclusive.

I can, however, by no means regard the offence of the prisoner as morally excusable. His crime was the fruit of drunkenness, and society wisely enacts that drunkenness shall not excuse crime. Nevertheless it would be still wiser if society would consent to prevent drunkenness. But certainly it cannot do this by unjust and vindictive punishments of the crimes which intemperance engenders.

Dr. GRAHAM's devoted wife has brought to me testimonials of his good character and amiable conduct from yourself and the Governor of Kentucky, and also from the Senators and Representatives of both Kentucky and Louisiana; and from the Mayor, judicial officers and authorities of the city of New-Orleans, and from the medical profession and other citizens of the various places where the Doctor has formerly resided, accompanied with earnest importunities for his pardon. While these testimonials, in view of GRAHAM's conduct, as exhibited in this case, have only served to embarrass me, I am not unmindful of that courtesy and comity which should exist between the chief Executives of sister States. It is very unusual, as in this case, for the Governors of different States in our confederacy to sue for Executive clemency on behalf of one of their fellow citizens, from the Chief Magistrate of another State. Knowing also that an opinion prevails in the section of the country to which GRAHAM belongs, that his trial and punishment were more rigorous on account of his Southern nativity than they should have been, and that he was tried at a time when the public mind was greatly excited and possibly prejudiced, it has incidentally afforded me pleasure to be able to come to my present decision in the case.

I may remark that my examination of the case and my decision have been somewhat hastened by certified intelligence from the prison-keepers and physicians that the health of GRAHAM has become so greatly impaired that his punishment must soon terminate in insanity or death, unless relieved by Executive interference. The balance of the prisoner's sentence must be remitted, not, however, mainly as an act of clemency, but because in my judgment, it is quite doubtful whether the conviction could have taken place if the evidence now before me had been produced on the trial.

I have the honor to be your Excellency's obedient servant, MYRON H. CLARK.

One of Barnum's Friends.

Everybody who has any soul in him seems to be heartily sorry that such serious troubles have come upon Mr. BARNUM. But it is not everybody who has the will that has the power to stretch to an old favorite, when he comes into deep water, a hand to lift him out of it. We hear of one, however, who can do something to comfort a man when he has surrendered his house and his bed to satisfy other men's creditors, who met Mr. BARNUM last week in the street. Taking him by the hand, he said:

"BARNUM, I heartily condole with you in your troubles. Still, I've a favor to ask."

"Of me?" replied B., in surprise. "What can *I* do for a millionaire like yourself?"

"Why, you see, BARNUM, I've a very large house and a very small family up in the Fifth-avenue. I've plenty of servants, horses, carriages and *et ceteras*. Now, the favor I want you to do for me, is to remove yourself and wife to my mansion, make yourselves a portion of my family, and stay there this whole year, and the next year, and so on, for as long as you please, or the longer the better."

The great showman was so thoroughly amazed that, for a moment, he was unable to speak.

"My dear Sir," he replied, at last, "your generosity seems beyond expression."

"Generosity! nonsense!" exclaimed the man of wealth; "'tis no generosity at all. It's pure selfishness: I tell you frankly that I shall feel more gratified—than you possibly can, if you will accede to my proposition. You can do it without the slightest feeling of dependence. Make my home yours, and I repeat it with all sincerity that I and not you will be the party especially accommodated. See no more about it, but come at once. You have now arrived at a time of life when too much excitement may destroy your health. You need rest and quiet. I offer it to you; for my house shall be "Liberty Hall" to you and yours, and in it you shall do just as you please. I have talked it all over with my wife, and she unites with me in asking this favor at your hands."

Good for the—but we must not tell who it was.

☞ The ship *Adriana*, Capt. DELANCE, bound to San Francisco, was boarded, after getting under weigh, on Saturday last, by Deputy U. S. Marshal PIERRE MILLER, and came to an anchorage at the southwest Spit. On the next day, at 11 A. M., she weighed anchor and went out in tow of the steam-tug *J. Burbeck, Jr.*, putting Mr. MILLER on shore as she passed Sandy Hook. Mr. M., the Marshal, had seized the vessel by virtue of a process of execution, but after having been in charge of her for a day in the City in the steam-tug, Mr. C. L. DUNCAN, at the corner of South and Wall streets, the agent, or one of the owners of the vessel, was arrested yesterday by the same Officer, Mr. MILLER, and held to bail in the sum of $600.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA AT HALIFAX.

The Peace Treaty not yet Signed.

ALL DIFFICULTIES REMOVED.

NO EXCITEMENT WITH REGARD TO THE AMERICAN TROUBLES.

Grand Review to be Held at Paris.

Visit of the Emperors of Russia and Austria.

French Expedition to Celestes Madagascar.

COTTON, QUIET—BREADSTUFFS RECEIPTS.

Consols 92 3-8 a 92 1-2.

By the House Printing Telegraph—Office No. 21 Wall-st.

HALIFAX, Monday, April 14.

The Royal Mail steamship *Cambria*, from Liverpool, on the 29th ultimo, arrived here at 6 o'clock this morning. She sailed again at 10 o'clock for Boston, where she will probably arrive in season for her mails to go forward on Wednesday morning's train.

On March 29, exchanged signals with the bark *Carpatia*. On the 4th inst. passed the steamship *Africa* off Cape Clear.

The Cunard steamship *America*, from Boston, arrived at Liverpool at midnight on Wednesday, the 26th ult., and the Collins steamship *Baltic*, from New-York at 7 A. M., on Friday, the 28th inst.

There is no news of the missing steamship *Pacific*.

THE CONFERENCES.

The Difficulties in the way of Peace Removed.

The Peace Congress met again on Thursday the 27th ult., all the members being present. It is said that the deliberations were important, and it was confidently believed that the treaty of peace would be signed on Saturday, the 29th of March—the day the *Cambria* sailed. The Paris correspondent of the London *Post* says the Court tradesmen have been ordered to prepare illuminations for Saturday evening definitely. Other papers say Sunday; others, one day next week, but all agree that it will be early. Previous intelligence from Paris had stated that the Diplomatic difficulty was on the point of being settled.

It will be remembered that, on Saturday, the 22d, the Plenipotentiaries assembled with the expectation of that day terminating their labors. It is reported that NAPOLEON fully supposed their business was concluded, and, that he ordered the guns of the Invalides to announce the conclusion of peace at the same time the *Te Deum* was being celebrated for the birth of his son.

The claim of Prussia to sign the Treaty on equal terms with the other powers, caused the delay.—Lord CLARENDON having earnestly resisted the claim of Prussia, and insisted that she should adhere to the Treaty in the same manner that France did to the Treaty of 1840, which was signed without ratification in making it.

The *Paris Patrie* (Government paper) now says: "Without infringing the necessary reserve, we can announce that the sitting (Saturday) of which foreign correspondents have spoken, has not been attended with any important consequences. The Congress and its Commission continues to labor at their task. The Commission consists of all the second Plenipotentiaries: Messrs. BOURQUENEY, COWLEY, HUBNER, VILLAMARINA and HATZFELDT. DERBURE being ill, ALI PACHA replaces him."

The correspondent of the London *Times* says that Lord CLARENDON's motion prevailed, and that an arrangement was come to that the Allies shall sign one protocol, and that a second shall be drawn up, which Prussia and the Allies shall sign jointly. The Committee is now engaged in the redaction of both protocols, and the only delay, supposing no accident to occur, will be in the proper framing of those protocols.

The London *Times*, in an editorial, speaks of "our Allies" as unwise and undignified in their demonstrations in favor of peace, and conceives that the people of Great Britain will be discontented with the terms of peace—the only advantageous results to England being her victories and the consciousness of undiminished resources.

The armistice is not formally prolonged, but telegraphic dispatches have been sent to the troops not to renew hostilities without express orders.

THE CRIMEA.

The advices from the Crimea are to the 18th ult. The health of the French Army was much improved. Several conflagrations had occurred at Sepatoria. Ten thousand English troops were at Balaklava. General MANTEUFFEL has left Constantinople for the Crimea. The Polish General, HAMERSKY, had arrived at Constantinople. The English fleet was expected at Malta. The weather in the Crimea continued stormy. OMAR PACHA had had a lengthened interview with the Turkish Ministry. He seems determined to resign unless he receives the satisfaction he demands.

GREAT BRITAIN.

There is no excitement whatever with regard to the difficulties with America. Interest in the subject is almost extinct, although the papers continue to discuss the subject. A writer, dating from Paris over the signature of "Statesman," sends an admirable letter on the subject to the London *Times*.

The London Marine Insurance Underwriters held a meeting to discuss the present state of that business. F. BARING presided. The discussion was adjourned to some future day.

LOUIS KOSSUTH writes to the Press expressing himself greatly mortified by the recent appeal, in his behalf, made in the journals by WALTER SAVAGE LANDOR.

FRANCE.

The crew of the Russian frigate *Diana* have arrived in France as prisoners of war.

The newspapers continue to publish numberless congratulatory addresses concerning peace.

A review is to be held at Paris, of 100,000 men, on the signing of the declaration of peace. The review, nominally, is a compliment to Count ORLOFF, the only soldier of the Plenipotentiaries. Among the rumors prevalent, is one that the Emperors of Russia and Austria have respectively promised to visit Paris soon after the conclusion of peace. Six thousand French have embarked at Marseilles for the Crimea, probably to supply sick vacancies.

NAPOLEON has determined to send an expedition to colonize Madagascar, which England does not approve of.

SPAIN.

The Queen of Spain has performed the annual ceremony of washing the feet of the poor. So also has the Emperor of Austria. There is nothing reported concerning the Carlist troubles.

ITALY.

The American Mediterranean Squadron remained at Genoa.

GERMANY.

The Assembly of Hamburg has rejected the project for a new constitution to be drawn up by the Germanic Diet.

AUSTRIA.

The differences between Austria and Rome relative to the proposed conference to interpret the Concordat have been mutually arranged. Very bad feeling is exhibited by Russia and Prussia towards Austria in numerous small matters.

PERSIA.

Mr. MURRAY, the British Minister to Persia, is still at Tabris, but it is said that, Persia having apologized, he will return to Teheran.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

The Brokers' circular reports a fair demand with a good supply of buyers' qualities were rather wanted but not quotably lower, while the lowest qualities, although in more limited request for export, were unchanged. The sales of the week, comprising only five business days, amounted to 37,750 bales, including 4,500 to speculators and for export.

The following are the quotations: New-Orleans Middling, 5¾d.; Fair Orleans, 6d.; Uplands Middling, 5 13-16d.;

New-York Daily Times, Tuesday, April 15, 1856

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

The Court of Oyer and Terminer was duly opened this morning at 10 o'clock, by the Recorder and Aldermen Purdy and Tiemann.

The District Attorney presented the following bills of indictment, which were found by the Grand Jury:

Against Thomas Hogan, for grand larceny, in stealing a gold watch, valued at $100, from the person of Thomas Hogan, on the 1st inst.

PIANOS AND INSTRUMENTS.

"Second Hand Pianos," and "Harmoniflutes," with new improvements, by Hallett & Cumston, Boston, attached to any new octave. The pianos highly recommended by the most eminent musicians. Also, a few other pianos of other manufacture, second-hand Pianos at prices of $50, $75, and $150. Pianos and Melodeons to rent. New Music published daily. Music sent by mail free of postage.

S. T. GORDON, No. 297 Broadway.

FIRST PREMIUM PIANO-FORTES.—Manufactured by STEINWAY & SONS, No. 84 Walker-st., near Broadway. These Pianos received the First premium in competition with Pianos made by the most celebrated manufacturers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every Piano is warranted.

A new warerooms,

We have just been awarded the First Premium (a Gold Medal) at the Crystal Palace, for the best Piano.

20 NEW PIANO-FORTES AT COST.—Must be sold by the 1st of May, as one of the partners retires; all superior instruments, by celebrated makers, fully warranted, with and without the iron frame, round corners, grand French action, &c. Prices from $150 to $350.

W. OSBORN & CO.,
No. 60 Walker-st., 4 doors west of Broadway.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S PIANO-FORTE WAREROOMS.—Are on the corner of Canal-st. and Broadway, (up stairs.) A splendid assortment on hand to sell or for sale by paying monthly installments; excellent melodeons. No. 419 Broadway, corner of Canal-st.

H. E. MATHEWS.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTS, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 421 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patent arch wrestplank, which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—A. W. Ladd & Co's Paris premium pianos, Carhart & Needham's melodeons; 7-octave pianos, with full iron frame, for $300, 6¾-octave for $325; grand and boudoir pianos. Pianos to rent and for sale, on monthly installments, at JUDSON & MUNGER'S, No. 519 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

RAVEN, BACON & CO.—Successors to BACON & RAVEN, PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS. Warerooms No. 228 Grand-st. near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments, exclusively of our own manufacture, may be found. Warranted in every respect.

HAZLETON BROS.—PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS, 509 Centre-st., where may be found a fine assortment of their celebrated Pianos, in plain and ornamental cases, warranted unsurpassed in strength and purity of tone. Second-hand Pianos taken in exchange.

PIANO-FORTE WANTED.—A good one, for which cash and a house lot 106x25 feet, in a suburban village, will be given. Address H. A. P., *Times* Office.

IRON, HARDWARE, &c.

GAS APPARATUS AFTER THE PATENT OF THE MARYLAND PORTABLE GAS COMPANY.—C. R. WOODWORTH & CO. are now offering for sale a most complete, cheap, simple, and efficient gas machine, adapted in all respects to wants of private dwellings, public and private schools, churches, colleges, factories, founderies, hotels, theatres, &c., as well as of towns and villages. Details will be furnished by applying at the office of the Company, where a machine can be seen in operation.

C. R. WOODWORTH & CO.,
No. 74 Wall-st., New-York.

EAGLE CUT NAILS.—The subscribers, Agents for the Eagle Nail Company, are prepared to fill orders for their Nails, to be delivered at New-York, Albany, Troy or Rouse's Point. From Rouse's Point they can be forwarded West via Ogdensburg Railroad at much less freight than by canal.

BUSSING, CROCKER & DODGE, No. 22 Cliff-st.

OLD COLONY NAILS AND SHOVELS.—As Agents for the Old Colony Iron Company, the subscribers are prepared to fill orders for their Nails at the lowest market rates.

Our assortment of Shovels, *Spades and Scoops* now comprises over 100 different kinds, a full stock of which we have on hand at our Warehouse, No. 22 Cliff-st.

BUSSING, CROCKER & DODGE.

HEATING BY STEAM AND HOT WATER.—A. B. STICKNEY continues to superintend the erection of the most approved Hot Water and Steam Apparatus, warming hotels and other large buildings. Also, green-houses, graperies, forcing pits, &c. Can refer with confidence to those having his heating apparatus in use during the last fourteen years. No. 61 East 32d-st., near Lexington-av.

ENGINE AND BOILER.—TWENTY-HORSE POWER. ADD LINE SHAFTING FOR SALE.—Also building to lease for a term of years from first of August next, 40x80, four-stories, and cellars, built of brick, situated in New-burgh, close to the docks. Engine and boiler has been in use four years. Can be seen running any time. Apply to GRANT E. EDGAR, Newburgh.

JAPANNED, PLAIN AND PRESSED.—Tin ware, Britannia ware, housekeeping hardware, and zinc water-coolers, with earthen jars, manufactured in large variety and for sale by HATHAWAY & CARMER, No. 13 Platt-st. Also agents for Peck Smith Manufacturing Company. Tinners' tools and machines at lowest prices and warranted first quality.

HAMMERED SALISBURY IRON.—Extra cold-blast charcoal pig, wholly worked in charcoal and of extra strength and quality. Its above square iron, ⅝ to 4 in. On sale at the works by

JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.,
Agent Nepanoch Iron Co.

HUDSON PIG IRON.—Is one of the best irons in the country for foundry or forge purposes. The No. 1 Extra will mix more scrap, and for all purposes is superior to any Scotch Pig. For sale by the Agent of the Hudson Iron Company.

JOHN W. QUINCY,
No. 98 William-st.

TO MACHINISTS, BLACKSMITHS, &c.—I have opened the store, No. 176 Centre-st., with a general assortment of iron and steel, and will cut from the bar any length required. Bar, rod, hoop and sheet iron; cast, German and shear steel.

JAMES SCOTT.

57 POUND RAILS.—300 tons, Erie pattern, ready for immediate delivery. For sale by

THEODORE DEHON,
No. 10 Wall-st. near Broadway.

HORSE SHOE AND WROUGHT NAILS.—Manufactured by American Horse Nail Company, Providence, for sale by their agents,

BUSSING, CROCKER & DODGE, No. 22 Cliff-st.

ADIRONDAC IRON CO. PIG IRON.—Cold blast, charcoal white iron, for forge purposes, for sale by Agent of Adirondac Iron Company.

JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

SPELTER, ANTIMONY, BANCA TIN, NAILS, AXES, SHOVELS AND SPADES.—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

SALISBURY COLD BLAST CHARCOAL PIG IRON.—For car-wheels and work requiring very superior iron. JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

THOMAS IRON CO. PIG IRON.—Very soft free, yet strong, warranted first rate for sale by

JOHN W. QUINCY, No. 98 William-st.

INSURANCE.

ANNUAL STATEMENT—OF THE BUSINESS AND CONDITION OF THE MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK—Jan. 1, 1856. Office No. 146 Broadway.

Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Reserve of January, 1855	22,543 25
Balance from business of 1855	106,356 48
Amount of premiums received during the year	$155,221 07
Amount of interest and discount	31,624 75
Amount of dividends, annuities, &c.	1,185 02—194,030 84
Balances due sundries, for dividend of 1854, agent's balances, &c.	10,393 88
Total	$435,270 51

DISBURSEMENTS.

Claims by death	$73,618 00
Expenses, taxes, salaries, commissions, &c.	23,598 21
Reinsurance and purchased policies	9,049 63
Dividend on Capital	7,500 00
Total	$114,766 84

ASSETS.

Bonds and mortgages on property of the City of New-York and Brooklyn, worth double the amount loaned	165,600 00
Premium loans at 7 per cent, inter't	124,602 83
Agents accounts for premiums in course of collection and transmission	20,456 42
Cash in bank and on hand	5,220 66
City Bonds and Stocks	4,850 00
Deferred Premiums, accrued Interest and Furniture	14,992 60
	$435,270 51

The Directors have, after appropriating a sufficient fund of $271,106 87 over and above the Capital Stock of $100,000, declared a dividend of interest at 6 per cent. on the Scrip for Profits declared Jan. 1, 1854, payable to the holders thereof, on the adjustment of the premiums for the current year.

N. D. MORGAN, President.
E. S. WHITE, Secretary.

The Manhattan Company has now become the largest Joint Stock Banking and Mutual Company in the United States, and affords to those desirous of Life Insurance the most reliable security. All pamphlets and other documentary information furnished gratis, on application by mail, or otherwise.

THE IRVING FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Offices Nos. 9 Wall-st., and 366 Greenwich-st. Cash Capital $200,000, with a surplus, insures buildings, merchandise, furniture, vessels in port and their cargoes, and other property, against loss or damage by fire.

MARTIN L. CROWELL, Sec. MASON THOMPSON, Pres.

REMOVAL.

ARMS, HERRICK, HARNESS & RHOADS have REMOVED from their late stand, No. 78, to the NEW MARBLE STORE, No. 75 JOHN-st. (nearly opposite.) Their stock of STATIONERY, Foreign and Domestic, will embrace a larger variety than usual.

They are also Agents for the series of papers known as the

KENT MILLS;

which can be supplied to dealers at low rates.

REMOVAL.—JARDINE & SON, Organ Builders, will after May 1 remove their organ manufactory into the large building over the New-York Dispensary, corner of White and Centre-sts.

REMOVAL.—THE COMMERCIAL AGENCY has been removed from No. 95 Nassau-st. to the Park Bank Building, No. 5 Beekman-st.

TAPPAN & McKILLOP.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS.—Has removed from No. 261 Chambers-st. to their new building, No. 67 Bleecker-st., between Broadway and the Bowery.

EXTRA AND CHOICE BEAN'S.—Constantly for sale by THOMAS DEHON, Nos. 7 and 9 Jefferson Market, from railroads or boats.

FINANCIAL.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE CREDITS FOR TRAVELERS,
Available in any part of the world.

ON SALE.

CITY OF CLEVELAND 5 per cent. Bonds. (Water Loan.)
CITY OF DETROIT 7 per cent. Bonds. (Water Loan.)
CITY OF CINCINNATI 6 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF CHICAGO 7 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF MILWAUKIE 7 per cent. Bonds.
CITY OF SACRAMENTO 7 per cent. Bonds, by

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers,
No. 59 William-st.

WASHBURN & VANDERHOOF,
No. 17 William-st.,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.—AMERICAN BANKERS, No. 8 Rue De La Paix, Paris.—GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT for Mercantile purposes. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on the following cities:

Alexandria,	Coblence,	London,	Pisa,
Amsterdam,	Cologne,	Leghorn,	Prague,
Antwerp,	Constantinople,	Leipsic,	Rome,
Athens,	Dresden,	Lucca,	Rotterdam,
Aix-la-Chapelle,	Florence,	Lyons,	Seville,
Baden Baden,	Frankfort-a.-M.,	Madrid,	Sienna,
Basle,	Geneva,	Malaga,	Smyrna,
Berlin,	Genoa,	Malta,	St. Petersburg,
Berne,	Gibraltar,	Mannheim,	Strasbourg,
Beyrout,	Hamburg,	Marseilles,	Stockholm,
Bologna,	Havre,	Mayence,	Trieste,
Bordeaux,	Heidelberg,	Messina,	Turin,
Bremen,	Jerusalem,	Milan,	Venice,
Breslau,	The Hague,	Moscow,	Vienna,
Brussels,	Lausanne,	Munich,	Wiesbaden,
Cadiz,	Leipsick,	Naples,	Zurich.
Carlsruhe,	Lisbon,	Nice,	
Cairo,	Ligon,	Palermo,	

Office in New-York—No. 8 Wall-st. Bills on Paris at short or 60 days' sight; also, Sterling Bills at 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

METROPOLITAN BANK.—ELECTION.—At an election held at the Banking House, on the 7th inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors of this Bank for the ensuing year:

JAMES BOORAM,	JOHN STEWARD, Jr.
HENRY SUYDAM, Jr.,	JONATHAN H. RANSOM,
WILSON G. HUNT,	A. ROBERTSON WALSH
BENJAMIN B. SHERMAN,	THOMAS SMULL,
HENRY C. BOWEN,	JOHN E. WILLIAMS,
HORACE B. CLAFLIN,	PELEG HALL,
DANIEL S. MILLER,	SOLON HUMPHREYS,
EDWARD G. FAILE,	JOHN H. SWIFT.
HENRY L. PIERSON,	

At the same time Messrs. JAMES FREELAND, ROBERT McCOSKRY and JOSEPH BATTELL, were elected Inspectors of the next Election.

At a meeting of the Board, on the 8th inst., they unanimously elected JAMES BOORAM, President, and JOHN E. WILLIAMS, Vice-President, for ensuing year.

NEW-YORK, April 8, 1856. H. MEIGS, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE MICHIGAN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 16 William-st.,
NEW-YORK, March 18, 1856.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.—That the first Annual Election for thirteen Directors of this Company and for three Inspectors of the succeeding election, will be held at the Office of the Company at Adrian in the State of Michigan, on the 6th WEDNESDAY of April next.

The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock at noon and continue open until 1 o'clock P. M., and as much longer as the inspectors may find necessary to receive the votes of Electors, but not beyond sunset on that day.

The transfer books will close on the 19th of April and open the day after the election.

JOHN M. HOPKINS, Secretary.

NOTICE.—A meeting of parties interested in the Bonds of the Columbus, Piqua and Indiana Railroad Company, guaranteed by the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad Company, by the Indianapolis and Bellefontaine Railroad Company, and by the Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroad Company, will be held at the Astor House, in this City, on WEDNESDAY next, the 16th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Prompt and general attendance is requested.

In behalf of the holders of the above described Bonds.

SAMUEL J. REALS, No. 19 William-st.

NEW-YORK, April 11, 1856.

OFFICE OF THE TEXAS WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY,
No. 63 Beaver-st. NEW-YORK, April 14, 1856.

INQUIRIES HAVE BEEN MADE as to votes upon Scrip Stock, and also as to Dividends when made and Interest. The rule is, that any stock upon which no default is made, will be entitled to one vote, irrespective of the amount paid—and, that no interest is payable on any stock, unless installments to at least two and a half per cent have been paid; but all dividends and interest are payable in proportion to the amount paid on each share. By order,

S. JAUDON, Secretary.

$15,000 WANTED—On undoubted security, payable in one, two and three years; interest payable semi-annually. Address the City of New-York, Address Box No. 2,734 Post-Office.

BANK NOTICES.

ROSE HILL SAVINGS BANK,
No. 251 3d-av., one door above 21st-st. Open daily, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 9 o'clock. Deposits made on or before Tuesday, April 15, will draw interest from April 1.

WILLIAM H. PLATT, President.
H. LOCKWOOD, Secretary.

BANK NOTICE.—MECHANICS AND FARMERS' BANK, PUTNAM COUNTY.—BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, May 27, 1854.—Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to SAMUEL WASHBURN, an individual banker, (Merchants' and Farmers' Bank, Carmel, Putnam County,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said banker will be given up to him.

my30,'54-1awTuTu D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

MECHANICS' BANK OF WATERTOWN.—BANK DEPARTMENT, ALBANY, Aug. 28, 1854.—Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, that all the circulating notes issued to HENRY KEEP, individual banker, (Mechanics' Bank of Watertown, Jefferson County,) must be presented at the office of the Superintendent of the Banking Department of the State of New-York for payment, within two years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of the circulating notes issued to the said banker will be given up.

an30,'54-1awTuTu D. B. ST. JOHN, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT.—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, April 7, 1856.—The FLOUR CITY BANK (Rochester) has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of THE NEW-YORK STATE BANK, in the city of Albany, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

JAMES M. COOK, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT.—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, April 10, 1856.—The BROOME COUNTY BANK has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the MECHANICS' AND FARMERS' BANK OF ALBANY, in the city of Albany, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

JAMES M. COOK, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT.—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, April 10, 1856.—The MOHAWK BANK of Schenectady has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the CITY BANK, in the City of Albany, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851. JAS. M. COOK, Superintendent.

BANK DEPARTMENT.—STATE OF NEW-YORK.—ALBANY, April 8, 1856.—The HUDSON RIVER BANK has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of the METROPOLITAN BANK, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851. JAMES M. COOK, Superintendent.

THE PARK BANK.—CAPITAL $2,000,000.—(With privilege to increase the same to $10,000,000.)—This Bank will be opened for business at their Banking House, head of Beekman-st., opposite the Park, on MONDAY, March 31, 1856, to which we invite the attention of all classes of business men.

REUBEN W. HOWES, President.
CHARLES A. MACY, Cashier.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

STORE FOR SALE.—The good-will, stock and fixtures of the well-known Gentlemen's Furnishing Store, No. 196 Chesnut-st., opposite the State House. The business has been established for upwards of thirty years. Also, for rent, the store in which the above business has been carried on. A lease of five years will be given of the said store. Apply to BULLITT & FAIRTHORNE,
No. 20 South 9th-st., Philadelphia.

CHICAGO JOBBING HOUSE FOR SALE.—The entire stock and good-will of one of the oldest Chicago Jobbing and Importing Houses with lease of store, in the best location, is offered for sale on accommodating terms for cash and approved paper, as the owner intends to retire from business. This is a rare chance for some youth capable to become an independence. For particulars, apply to H. BOKER & CO., No. 60 Cliff-st.

GREAT CHANCE FOR A BUSINESS MAN.—To get a first-class Hotel on very advantageous terms. Peculiar circumstances offer a great bargain to a hotel man of moderate means. Address HOTEL OWNER, *Daily Times* Office, New-York.

REMOVAL.

ARMS, HERRICK, HARNESS & RHOADS have REMOVED from their late stand, No. 78, to the NEW MARBLE STORE, No. 75 JOHN-st. (nearly opposite.) Their stock of STATIONERY, Foreign and Domestic, will embrace a larger variety than usual.

They are also Agents for the series of papers known as the

KENT MILLS;

which can be supplied to dealers at low rates.

TO PRINTERS.

TO PRINTERS.—For sale:
1 Ringles combination press, platten 16¾x10½ inches.
1 Gordon press, platten 16x10 inches.
1 Medium hand press, platten 25½x19½ inches.
1 small cap press, platten 16x10 inches.
At CORTELYOU'S New-York Type Foundry, No. 29 Spruce-st.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE—Two large Standing Galleys, lined with brass, and about 100 pairs second-hand Cases. The cases will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Address or apply to the Foreman of the *Daily Times*

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.—Southern and Western dealers and club-houses will find a complete assortment of well-assorted playing cards, of all qualities, at the Depot of the Patent Linen Card Factory of SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 1 Barclay-st., opposite Astor House.

SODA WATER APPARATUS.—The only Patent Check Arm apparatus in the United States. Also every description of apparatus for the trade.

WM. GEE, No. 16 Fulton-st.

AUCTION SALES.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer.
ON THIS DAY, April 15, 1856, at 10½ o'clock, at the store No. 19 Nassau-st., by order of the Sheriff, the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE contained in the above house, and made to order by Hotchkiss, of Broadway.

PARLOR FURNITURE.—Queen-anne reversed rosewood suites, covered in satin damask, richly carved, cost in manufacture $700, with centre, sofa, and pier tables, of rosewood, marble-top; also, a fine rosewood corner etagere, two sets of gilt cornices, with rich satin damask curtains, lined with silk; two sets of tassel do., two elegant gilt frame French plate mirrors, rich carved rosewood and satinwood etagere, marble-top centre tables, Gilson's reversed rosewood piano-forte, with rich silk damask covers, rosewood and satinwood Parisian China vases, 11-day clocks, paintings, &c.

MIDDLE PARLOR.—Elegant velvet carpets, magnificent carved 7-octave rosewood piano-forte, made by Worcester, cost $700; richly carved rosewood suites in satin brocatel, consisting of two sofas, reversed rocking chairs, easy arm chairs and divan, parlor stoves, gas chandeliers, richly gilt frame oil-paintings, carved rosewood sideboard, marble centre tables.

BACK PARLOR.—Brussels velvet carpets, Chinese draperies, fancy reception chairs, mantel ornaments, engravings, paintings and gas chandelier.

DINING ROOM.—Rich dining and tea sets, cost $150; elegant cut-glass ware of all descriptions; extension dining tables, dining chairs, together with a general assortment of bedroom furniture.

Catalogues can be had at the salesroom, No. 19 Maiden-lane, this morning.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) April 15, at 10½ o'clock, handsome household furniture contained in house No. 106 Leonard-st., six doors east of Broadway, embracing the entire furniture of the house, consisting of superior rosewood piano-forte, made by Grow & Christopher; 1 do. boudoir, suite rosewood parlor furniture, cushioned backs, with slip covers; French plate mirrors, tapestry and ingrain carpets, rosewood marble-top etagere, plate front; carved centre and sofa tables, rich mantel ornaments, ormolu clock, paintings, lace curtains and shades, extensive table, opens 16 feet; splendid China of every description, dinner set, tea do., cut glass ware, ivory cutlery, silver ware, sofas, spring-seat chairs, six full suites enameled chamber furniture, all as good as new; English oil-cloth, stair carpets, hall stand, arm dining-room chairs, bedsteads, hair mattresses, beds and bedding, refrigerator stoves, kitchen ware, with all the gas fixtures and chandeliers in the house, all of which will be sold without reserve, and must be removed immediately. A deposit will be required of all purchasers. Catalogues at house.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE PRIVATE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS, &c.—Of a high class, well worthy the attention of persons forming collections, H. H. LEEDS & CO. will sell, on THURSDAY MORNING, the 17th inst., at 11 o'clock, at the house (of an old resident removing to the country) No. 64 St. Marks-place, 8th-st., a well-selected collection of fine and modern paintings, many of them purchased in Europe, years ago, with great judgment and taste. Of the moderns, there are many fine specimens, painted to order of the present owner, from the studios of some of our best American artists. Of these, are works by Oddie, Gignoux, Hamilton, Hinckley of Boston, Kennedame, the great marine painter, Armfield, &c. Among the old, will be found a grand Holy Family by Stella, a lovely picture, equal to anything in the country, purchased with others at the sale of Cardinal Fiesch, eight years ago; also, works by Vernet, Boucher, Gainsborough, Woovermans, Sassoferrato, Canelletto, &c. The elegant and costly furniture will be sold on Friday, April 18, with a separate catalogue.

WM. S. MELLOR, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—MORTGAGE SALE OF FURNITURE THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at the large house No. 613 Broadway, near Houston-st. HOUGHTON & MELLOR will sell at auction as above, by order of the mortgagee, a very large assortment of rosewood mahogany and oak furniture, most of which is in excellent order and of good quality, viz.: parlor suites in brocatel and plush, two large pier glasses, mahogany sofas and chairs, marble-top centre and pier tables, rosewood etagere, rosewood bedsteads and bureaus, library and secretary bookcases, extension dining tables, sideboard, dining-room chairs, marble-top dressing bureaus, carved mahogany and other bedsteads, best curled hair mattresses, palliasses, bolsters and pillows, painted chamber furniture, hall stands, one large mahogany wardrobe, with mirror doors, &c. Purchasers can leave the furniture at *the house free of charge* until the 1st of May, if desired. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

EUGENE B. FRANKLIN, Auctioneer.
BY FRANKLIN & NICHOLS.—SALE OF the whole stock in trade and fixtures of the first-class restaurant, known as the Rotunda Exchange, No. 28 Nassau-st., by order of the assignee and mortgagee, on FRIDAY MORNING, the 18th instant, at 10½ o'clock. The stock consists in part of several oil-paintings of superior merit, also marble-top tables, revolving and other chairs, cut-glass ware, China and crockery ware, cutlery, plated casters, trays, urns, cabinets, spoons and forks, two large ranges, steam boilers, steam table, oil-cloth, counters and oyster stands, gas fixtures, Salamander safe. Also the lease for three years from first of May, of the premises, which are very desirable for any kind of business. Catalogues on the day previous to the sale, and goods and premises can be examined by calling on the auctioneer, No. 19 Nassau-st.

H. P. ALLEN, Attorney for Mortgagee.
W. D. STOCKER, Assignee.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, Auctioneer.
JOHN L. VANDEWATER WILL SELL, TO-MORROW, (Wednesday,) April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 696 Broome-st., the household furniture, being the property of a gentleman going to Europe, manufactured by Rutchins; consisting of mahogany parlor furniture, en suite, richly carved; elegant French plate pier and mantle glasses, Brussels tapestry, carpets, etagere, marble-top tables, piano-forte, lace window curtains, clock, vases, mantel ornaments, &c., &c.

Dining-room mahogany extension table, extending 14 feet; do. dining chairs, lounges, book-cases, marble-top buffet, dinner, dessert and tea sets, &c.

Bed-room furniture, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaus, do. washstands, marble-top centre tables, mahogany bedsteads, hair mattresses, feather beds, palliasses, mantel ornaments, &c., &c.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE PROPERTY SOLD AT AUCTION, TUESDAY, April 22, 1856, ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at 12 o'clock M., at the Merchants' Exchange, the following property:

SEVENTH-AVENUE.—Two large lots of ground with the buildings thereon, known as Nos. 357 and 359 7th-av., east side, between 23d and 25d sts.

EAST THIRTY-SECOND-STREET.—One lot of ground with the buildings thereon, situated on East 132d-st., south side, 266 feet east of Avenue B.

WEST FIFTY-SIXTH STREET.—Five lots of ground on 56th-st., north side, 320 feet west of 6th-av.

Sixty per cent. of the purchase money may remain. The above will positively be sold to the highest bidder to close interests. For maps and further particulars, apply at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.
JAMES M. MILLER will sell, by order of Executors of JOSEPH PARKER, deceased, on WEDNESDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the mansion house and grounds, containing 2¼ acres of land, in the village of Milton, town of Rye, Westchester County, 1½ miles from the New-Haven Railroad Depot at Rye. The property is bounded by the widow of the late Joseph Parker, deceased. The house 44 by 28 feet, containing 2 parlors, 1 dining-room, 1 sitting-room, 12 bedrooms, good cellar, kitchen, large barn; the house is two-story and attic, in full view of Long Island Sound, and near the famous Rye Plain, favorably known as a beautiful bathing place and beach drive. The above property is well calculated for a gentleman's residence, or business man in New-York.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
PARTITION SALE OF NINETY-SEVEN LOTS.—On 2d and 3d avs. and 70th, 71st, 72d and 74th sts., A. J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell, April 22, the above lots, well situated, on high ground near the 2d and 3d av. railroads. They are mostly covered with beautiful forest trees, are near Hamilton-square and Central Park. It is believed that the rapid and certain rise of real estate on this island will enable purchasers to realize a profit on a beautiful, healthful residence, within a few minutes' ride of the centre of the City—rent free for many years. Title perfect and terms easy. Maps can be had at the office of the auction ear, No. 7 Broad-st.

PHILIP R. WILKINS, Auctioneer.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—PHILIP R. WILKINS will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 248 West 31st-st., a general assortment of household furniture, consisting in part of parlor furniture in satin; oil marquetry furniture, of elegant design and elaborate finish. Paintings by Hogarth and Hogarth line, proof and mezzotint engravings. For further particulars see auction head in large papers.

J. S. H. BASTLEIT, Auctioneer.
CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA.—TUESDAY, April 15, at 10 o'clock, No. 261 Pearl-st. Large assortment all kinds W. G. blue and common ware; cut and pressed glass of all kinds, decorated china vases, &c., &c., in lots, from the shelves to suit dealers and trade; positive and goods well packed for shipping. Catalogues now ready.

D. S. HOUGH, Auctioneer.
THIS DAY.—At No. 79 Warren-st., HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—Elegant, piano-forte, rich rosewood suites, bedsteads, bureaus, centre tables, wardrobes, carpets, chandeliers, vases, pier glasses, dining and extension tables, French China, crockery, glass and silver ware. For particulars, see *Herald* and *Tribune*.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Auctioneer.
WILLIAMSBURG AUCTION SALE OF GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND CARPETS, &c. By order of Assignee on TUESDAY, April 15, at 10½ o'clock at the Northeast corner of South 9th and 6th sts., consisting of a general assortment. Catalogues can be had on Monday Evening at 112 Grand-st.

WM. W. SHIRLEY, Auctioneer.
SHERIFF'S SALE OF CROCKERY, GLASS, CHINA, AND FANCY GOODS.—By WM. W. SHIRLEY, WEDNESDAY, April 16, at 10 o'clock, at No. 130 2d-av., near 18th-st. A nice stock, worthy the attendance of retailers.

JONES' WOOD PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st., will sell on the 15th of April, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, a large parcel of lots, situated on 1st, 2d and 3d avs., and 74th, 75th, 76d and 74th sts., forming a portion of the tract so well and so favorably known as Jones' Wood. This has always been regarded as the most delightful part of our City, being in the vicinity of the East River, near Hell Gate, and covered with a fine growth of large trees, and now rendered conveniently accessible by the two City railroads running directly through the property. Sale positive, to divide interests. See maps, at the office of the Auctioneers.

CINCINNATI.—HEWSON & HOLMES, Auctioneers and Stock Brokers, have regular sales of Stocks, Loans and other Securities, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, and, if required, SPECIAL SALES on MONDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY. Office, Nos. 5 and 35 Walnut-st., where they offer at private sale a great variety of State, County, City and Railroad Bonds and Stocks; Bank-notes, Drafts, Notes, Bills of Exchange, and collect Dividends, Loans, &c. Refer to Bank of Ohio Life Assurance and Trust Company Bank.

GEORGE COOK, AUCTIONEER.—Sales at Greene No. 548 Broadway, between Howard and Grand-sts.—Gives his personal attention to the sale of household furniture, merchandise, paintings, stallionry, fancy goods, &c., at the residences or stores of owners. Consignments solicited, or private sale. A large assortment of genteel furniture, at auction prices. Regular sales by auction at store on Tuesday and Friday of each week, at 10½ o'clock.

AUCTION SALES.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
DESIRABLE PROPERTY ON 6TH, 8TH AND 57TH STS., AT AUCTION.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell, at public auction, on THURSDAY, April 17, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following very desirable property, viz.:

ON 56TH-STREET.—Three houses and lots on south side of 56th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., commencing about 225 feet 6 inches west of 3d-av. No. 1 house is a 2-story frame house, 20 feet 6 inches by 28 feet, with kitchen on the rear. Croton water, shrubbery in the garden, walls all planked. No. 2 is a 2-story frame house, high basement, 25 feet 6 inches by 28 feet, containing 11 rooms. No. 3, 22 feet by 22, kitchen in rear and cellar, 9 rooms, with closets and mahogany folding-doors, with a yard laid out with grape-vine and shrubbery, and Croton water. Each lot is 25 feet 6 inches front and rear, by 100 feet 5 inches in depth.

ON 56TH-STREET.—3 lots on the north side of 56th-st., commencing one about 150 ft. from the N. W. corner of 1st-av. and 56th-st., and the other 200 ft. from the same corner, each being in size 25 ft. front and rear, and 100 ft. 5½ inches in depth.

ON 57TH STREET.—1 lot on north side of 57th-st., about 200 feet from the northwest corner 1st-av. and 57th-st. The street is graded from 1st-av. to the lot. Size of this lot is 25 ft. front and rear, and 103 feet 5½ inches in depth.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
SALE OF NINETY-SEVEN LOTS OF GROUND ON FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD AVENUES, AND SEVENTIETH, SEVENTY-FIRST, SEVENTY-THIRD AND SEVENTY-FOURTH STREETS, AT AUCTION.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell on TUESDAY, April 15, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, the following property, viz.:

8 lots on 1st-av., between 74th and 75th sts.
8 lots on 1st-av., between 72d and 73d sts.
9 lots on north side of 72d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.
4 lots on 2d-av.
9 lots on north side of 70th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.
4 lots on north-east corner of 2d-av. and 74th-st
8 lots on north side of 74th-st.
4 lots on south-east corner of 2d-av. and 74th-st.
4 lots on south side of 74th-st.
9 lots on north side of 72d-st.
4 lots on south side of 74th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.
3 lots on west side of 3d-av., between 72d and 74th sts.
3 lots on north side of 72d-st.
4 lots on west side of 3d-av., between 71st and 72d sts.
6 lots on north side of 71st-st.

For further particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers, No. 7 Broad-st.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
LARGE SALE OF UP-TOWN PROPERTY TO DIVIDE INTERESTS.—ANTHONY J. BLEECKER & CO. will sell at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange, on THURSDAY, April 17, at 12 o'clock, the following very desirable building lots, every one of which will positively be sold to close interests, viz.:

ON THIRD-AVENUE.—Corner of 74th-st., 4 lots.

ON BROADWAY.—Between 73d and 74th sts., 3 lots, each 20 feet front by 80 feet deep.

ON THIRD-AVENUE.—Corner of 72d-st., 4 lots.

ON THIRD-AVENUE.—Corner of 70th-st., 4 lots.

ON BROADWAY.—Corner of 72d-st., and 4 lots of Broadway, 4 lots, all full size. Also,

ON BROADWAY.—Corner of 72d-st., and 4 lots of Broadway, 4 lots.

ON FIFTY-FOURTH-STREET.—Between 6th and 7th ave., 6 lots, each 25x100.

ON SEVENTIETH-STREET.—100 feet west of the Boulevard and 100 feet east of 3d-av., 12 lots, all of full size.

ON SEVENTY-SECOND-STREET.—100 feet west of 3d-av., 6 lots, each 25x100 feet deep.

ON SE

D. Kimball & Co., No. 17 Market-square, Providence, R. I., are agents for the DAILY, WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES. All orders promptly attended to.

In the U. S. Senate, yesterday, the question of the reception of the Memorial of the Kansas Legislature was again discussed very elaborately, on the presentation by Senator HARLAN of an affidavit made by Col. LANE as to its authenticity. The Senate finally refused to receive Col. LANE's petition. In the House, Mr. CRAWFORD, of Georgia, asked leave to submit a resolution for the adjournment of Congress on the Fourth of July, but the House refused to suspend the rules to receive it.

The Cunard steamship *Cambria*, whose arrival at Halifax with three days' later European advices we announce in this morning's paper, brings news of some importance in regard to the labors of the Peace Conference. It is now alleged that the obstacles to the immediate conclusion of a peace treaty have been removed, and that the Plenipotentiaries would affix their signatures to the documents within a few days. The claims of Prussia to be allowed to sign the treaty on equal terms with the other parties is understood to have caused the delay. The London *Times* has an editorial speaking of "our allies" as unwise and undignified in their peace demonstrations, and conceiving that the people of Great Britain will not be contented with the terms of peace. The news from the Crimea is unimportant. No formal extension of the armistice had been made, but no hostilities were apprehended. The excitement with regard to the difficulties with this country had died out, although the papers continued to discuss the subject. LOUIS NAPOLEON is about to send an expedition to colonize Madagascar, which, it is said, England does not approve of. The commercial news by this arrival is unimportant, the markets generally being quiet.

The *Baltic* is now about due at this port, with news to the 2d inst., but nothing had been seen of her at Sandy Hook at 2 o'clock this morning.

Post-Office in the Park.

There are serious plans on foot in regard to the location of a new Post-Office, in this City, provided Congress can be induced, in its superlative wisdom, to make a suitable appropriation for that object. It is a great misfortune that no public improvement of importance can be set on foot, without arousing in full cry, a pack of greedy speculators, who are ever anxious to thrust their hands into the Public Treasury. Why cannot the City be induced, in its compassion for the poverty of the General Government, to open Beekman-street, through to Park-place, and freely bestow the portion of the Park thus cut off for a Post-Office site, on condition that Government will erect an edifice thereon suitable for the purpose.

With the main central office thus located, with receiving houses properly distributed, according to the plan of Deputy Postmaster FOWLER, to which we have, on a former occasion, alluded, an arrangement, similar to that generally known under the name of the "London" system, could be successfully perfected. In order, however, to accomplish this very desirable result, some legislation is necessary on the part of Congress. There should be one uniform rate of postage, with a free delivery, which the existing acts of Congress in relation to carriers in cities now render impossible, and constitute one of the gravest obstacles to the reform of existing evils.

Another advantage to be derived from the location of the Post-Office in a situation like the Park, and the erection there of a commodious building, is the abolition of the abuse of private City Post-Offices, and the numberless frauds and losses, particularly to the poor and uninformed, which are their consequence. Economists are agreed that the peculiar circumstance of the case require that the delivery of letters should be as little as possible open to competition. It seems of the few legitimate subjects of Government monopoly, and consequent suppression of free trade. In a growing country like the United States, the control of the Post-Office by the National Government is necessarily identified with the constant creation of new States and the acquisition of new territory. There exist now, however, in the City of New-York, sundry private establishments, which have assumed the name of Post-Offices, and are conducted in such a manner as to be mistaken for the offices of the Government. This should not be allowed. In every city and town there should be but one responsible postal institution, with as many receiving houses as are requisite for the collection, and hourly delivery by carriers, of all correspondence. This cannot be, so long as the petty one-cent fee on letters already paid for through the mail, is permitted and it must be permitted, until Government shall act with energy and promptitude, and shall give every facility obtainable to those who have business with them.

Much remains to be done, and many problems to be solved; but we think that if the plan with regard to the Park were sufficiently considered, it would be found to pass the ordeal of the removal of nearly every imaginable difficulty.

Correspondence.

Correspondence will receive no attention. All articles pertaining to stock lists must be accompanied by the writer's name, not for publication, but as a guarantee of their authenticity and correctness.

We cannot undertake to return communications that may be sent to us. Rejected communications cannot be preserved. Letters, to receive attention, must be post paid. Subscribers changing residence will please give their former as well as present address.

Address RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO., Publishers.

The Correspondence.

Monsieur LOUIS VEUILLOT, the distinguished critic and contributor to the pages of the GAZETTE DE FRANCE, has published a book on England's decadence, in which he questioned the speedy ruin of her empire, and the fascinating picture of that fate to which MACAULAY points with melancholy prognostics, when some traveler, possibly "our German," standing on the broken battlement of London Bridge, may look upon the spot where St. Paul's once stood, and flinging a portion of its dust upon the air, cry—"This is all that remains of the mighty Saladdin." History seems to take a strange, and, we must say, ungentlemanly pleasure in refusing to verify the predictions of illustrious exiles and philosophers. Indeed, if we specially desired a particular event, we should engage one of these political Madame Morrows to predict the opposite, with a confident reliance of success. Thus, we find, though the shadow has long passed on the dial the hour pointed out of England's decadence, St. Paul is still standing, no broken battlement hold our GEORGES, and Mr. LEDRU ROLLIN himself is a comfortable sojourner in that country he had doomed to nothingness and dust.

In France, however, no philosopher, however illustrious, is allowed to have the field to himself. No prophet, among these ingenious people, is permitted to start a prediction without finding a rival on the opposite side of the way. Accordingly, we have Monsieur DE MONTALEMBERT, the celebrated champion of Roman Catholicity in France, putting forth a pamphlet, in which he predicts the still greater rise and glory of England. We confess, to us the truth appears to be midway between these extremes. With the Duke of WELLINGTON, with whom it was a constant and melancholy remark, we do not believe that England will ever again enjoy the prosperity, or hold the place among nations, which belonged to her some half-century ago. Oppressed as she is with debt and with the cumbrous expense of an empire scattered in broken pieces over the globe, her own most thoughtful minds feel that she cannot long maintain a race with a young, vigorous nation like ours, whose strength is concentrated and compact. We believe, however, and hope that, in the words of her leading organ, "England will take a good deal of beating before she falls," and we are not without a warm sympathy in Mr. BUCHANAN'S sentiment, that instead of endeavoring to prevent the spread of free institutions, free thought and free altars on this side of the ocean, she may find her destiny in extending them on the other side. The reason which Monsieur DE MONTALEMBERT assigns for the hope that is in him, is something so eccentric and strange, and has given birth to so many interesting personal statistics, that we are tempted to extend to it some notice.

Hitherto it has been the fashion to date England's glory from the period of the Reformation. LUTHER has been held as the giant who struck down the gates through which she strode to greatness. According to Monsieur MONTALEMBERT, however, her increased greatness is to come from their restruction. The Flaminian gate is once more to be lifted up and planted in triumph in her centre. With the restoration of the Roman Catholic Church, England is to find, like another Sampson, her strength restored. Indeed, the hair has already begun to sprout, and we are favored, as a kind of appendix, with statistics of its growth.

It is strange to observe in this list we have seen of Roman Catholic conversions in England, how the favorite axiom of POPE still holds good:

"'Tis from high life high characters are drawn,
A saint in crape is twice a saint in lawn."

The people are not even once alluded to. The masses, on whose broad shoulders LUTHER and CALVIN built up a free bible, are not once named. If any such beings have had the grace to be converted, they are thrown in, as was attempted with the soldiers in the first returns from the Crimea, in a lump. But in the list of titled converts every little letter of distinction is lingered over with delight. The roll opens with one, who is by this time rather an old star, not as Father IGNATIUS, or even in his late lay and clerical individuality as Honorable and Reverend GEO. SPENCER, but as the brother of the most noble, the Earl SPENCER, Knight of the Garter, Knight of St. ANNE of Russia, and various other wondrous people of that class. After him we have CHARLES CAVENDISH, Esq., a pretty good name in England even as it stands; but, as an apology for the intrusion of a simple Esquire, the world is told with awe that he is grandson of Lord CAVENDISH, cousin of the Earl of BURLINGTON and second cousin of the Duke of DEVONSHIRE and so forth. Then comes the Honorable and Reverend GEORGE TALBOT, who must be heralded as brother of Lord TALBOT, De-somewhere or other in Ireland, and the Hon. CHARLES REGINALD PACKENHAM, who is not sufficiently defined, without its being told that his father is Earl of LONGFORD and his mother a daughter of the Earl of BEAUCHAMP, after the fashion of the old song:

His father was a Callaghan,
His mother was a Brady;

and, further, a Captain in the Grenadier Guards. Then the stream swells and we have Viscount FIELDING, son of the Earl of DENBIGH, Viscount CAMPDEN, son of the Earl of GAINSBORO, and Lord HUNTINGTOWER, a repentant sinner son of the Earl of DYSART. After these in a cluster came Mr. SCOTT MURRAY, a Buckinghamshire Squire, late an M. P., Mr. PROSSER, another ex-M. P., Mr. HOPE SCOTT, who married Miss LOCKHART, the grand-daughter of Sir WALTER, and who is now Lord of ABBOTSFORD, where the observances of the antique faith are carried out with a pomp and ritual observance that would have given delight to the heart of the old Antiquary. After the mention of some half-dozen black-letter lawyers, who love old wood cuts, old spelling and old law, and some dozen Oxford divines, including the distinguished names of NEWMAN, WILBERFORCE and MANNING, we are led on to the ladies, who bring up the rear in strong and pleasant force. Women love dearly incense and flowers, and forgiveness, and such fragrant things. There be made on a large scale, and presumed that the delicate perfume of the sweet feminine families should not prevent them from benefitting by it; and there should be no indications about it of cheapness, any more than in our great hotels, where every guest is on a common footing, without any regard being paid to the part of the building he occupies, and the elegancies which are enjoyed in common are maintained by a very trifling per centage on the charge for board.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Funeral of Superintendent McKeen.

At 1 o'clock yesterday the more immediate friends of the late JOSEPH MCKEEN, LL.D., and the members of the Teachers' Association, met at his late residence, No. 39 Fifth-street, listened to a prayer by Rev. Mr. WOOD his pastor, gazed for a last time on his features, which wore a most natural smile, and formed into procession to attend the body to the Central Presbyterian Church. The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers:

Dr. David Patterson,	S. W. Seton,
John Patterson,	C. S. Pell,
A. L. Avery,	John W. Bulkley,
A. Walsh,	S. S. Randall.

The members of the Male Normal School, having assembled at the Hall of the Board of Education, walked up to meet the procession and returned with it to the Church in Broome-street, where an immense congregation had gathered. Among these were several noted teachers, most of the members of the Board of Education, and school officers of this City and Brooklyn. The coffin was borne through the central aisle and placed in front of the altar. On the lid of the coffin was a silver plate, bearing the following inscription:

JOSEPH MCKEEN,
DIED APRIL 12, 1856.
Aged 64 years and 6 months.

Dr. GILLETT made an impressive opening prayer. Mr. WOOD delivered the funeral sermon. The closing prayer was made by Dr. PARKER, after which the Pastor announced that the people present could take a last look at the face of the deceased.

This ceremony occupied nearly half an hour, the crowd being very great, after which, the coffin was placed in the hearse, and a long procession of carriages followed the remains to Greenwood.

The officers of the Twenty-second Ward ordered the Girls' Schools to be draped in mourning—a very appropriate tribute of respect, which will be adopted in most of the Girls' Schools under the care of the Board of Education. But, whether or not these outward symbols of mourning are assumed, there will be much mourning in all the schools for months to come. The cheerful face of a most esteemed and punctual visitor within their walls will be seen there no more.

Dr. Graham.

Those who urged upon Governor CLARK the propriety of pardoning Dr. GRAHAM would have done better had they refrained from holding up to view his precarious state of health as the reason why he should be released from confinement. The Doctor had suffered considerably from a fever during the past Winter, but at the period of his leaving the State Prison he is said, by those who are posted, to have been convalescent. His constitution was not known to be impaired at that time, nor had disease permanently affected his general health. It is not surprising if he closed his prison career somewhat shorn of that robust and full habit of body with which he commenced it. There are few constitutions that could resist the mental depression naturally consequent upon such an unfortunate and degrading position, and escape without at least some visible traces of care and suffering.

According to all accounts the hardships of Dr. GRAHAM'S prison life were materially alleviated—as usually happens in the case of wealthy and influential people, when the law does get hold of them for committing a crime—by the kind assiduities of grateful or prepossessed officials. During his whole incarceration, the Doctor has worn a white shirt and collar, and a black cravat.

Assisted by flannels and the warm air of the hospitals, he was enabled mostly to dispense with coat and hat, and about the only garment suggestive of prison discipline which he would endure, was his pantaloons—and they were said to be of a much finer fabric than the general run used there, and to have exhibited at the best but a faint outline of those dark bands which invariably characterize the prison wardrobe.

There is no doubt the Doctor lived well while doing the State service, as the hospital is bountifully supplied with all the comforts and many of the luxuries of life for the use of patients, and it is stated that he usually, if not constantly, partook of that fare.

Cape Cod Association in New-York.

In compliance to a call published in our yesterday's issue, a goodly company of the sons of Cape Cod assembled at the Gramercy Park House, last evening, having for their object the formation of a social society. Mr. CROCKER was chosen chairman of the meeting. Mr. MATHEW HALE SMITH and others made remarks in favor of such organizations, which were heartily concurred in by all present. A Committee of seven were appointed to report a Constitution and by-laws at a future meeting, and the Cape Coders adjourned till next week.

Sale of the Condemned Falmouth.

The clipper schooner FALMOUTH, which was a short time ago seized while passing out through the Narrows, by Deputy Marshals DE ANGELES and NEVINS, and brought back to the Navy-yard, on suspicion of being a slaver, has been condemned as such, and will be sold, together with her cargo, stores, furniture, sails, rigging, &c., at auction, on the 24th inst., for the benefit of the Government and the officers who made the seizure.

☞ A new German Daily, the *Staats Demokrat*, made its first appearance yesterday. It is carried on by the editors, compositors, etc., of the *New-Yorker Demokrat*—they having abandoned that paper. It declares that it will not be a party paper—will support the right and oppose Temperance fanaticism, Know-Nothingism, the extension of Slavery, priest-craft, etc.

☞ On Sunday night, the Twelfth Anniversary of the Protestant Episcopal Church Missionary Society for Seamen in the City and Port of New-York was celebrated in St. Bartholomew's Church, in the presence of a crowded congregation. Bishop POTTER presided. Bishop HOPKINS delivered a sermon on the occasion, and a liberal collection was taken up.

☞ The steamer *America* (Schuyler Line) left this City for Albany on Saturday night, (12th inst.,) with fifty barges in tow, loaded with merchandise, coal, &c. There was about 400 tons to a barge—making 15,000 tons in all. This is supposed to be the largest tow ever before made in the United States.

☞ Mr. WORTABET, of Beyrout, delivered his second lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association last evening.

☞ Bishop CLARK, having been taken suddenly sick, did not repeat the Lecture advertised for last night.

☞ Ex-Gov. HUNT, who has been spending several weeks in this city, will return home on Tuesday.

Our City Schools.

SUMMER THIRTY-NINE, (EARLHAM,) TWELFTH WARD.

Superintendents RANDALL and SETON visited No. 39, on One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, near Third-avenue, at Harlem, on Friday. The Primary (Miss MARY A. FREEMAN Principal, with four assistants) had 310 girls and boys present in admirable condition in all respects. Considerable attention is paid to plain sewing and embroidery. The grade was found higher than at the last examination in the class for promotion.

The Girls' Grammar School (Miss MARIA S. KENYON, Principal, with two Assistants) had an attendance of 105 girls present. The scholarship was creditable. The class in algebra went into quadratic equations with facility. The grammar and compositions were superior and reflected much credit on the teachers. The singing was excellent. It is taught by Miss SUSANNA LAMSON—a capital singer herself, without the aid of piano. A concert is to be given soon with a view to raise the funds to purchase one.

The prize for the best composition was awarded to Miss SARAH KENYON. Certificates for good conduct were given out and brief addresses made at the close by the Superintendent and others. Many

Further Widening and Extension of Doane street.

The Councilmen Committee on Streets, Mr. VAN BUREN Chairman, met yesterday at 2 P. M., in the City Hall, to hear parties relative to the widening and of Broadway or Doane-street. There was a numerous attendance of property-owners along the line of the proposed widening and extension of the street.

Mr. THOMAS PALMER explained to the Committee the proposed line of extension, which was to make the street 70 feet in width from the present terminus of the road with the street as widened west of Pearl-st., the same to Centre street and thence, preserving the same width, to extend the street in a straight line to Franklin square, and thence through Dover-street to the East River. He exhibited a map showing the line of the street as then proposed.

Mr. PALMER, M. S. MYERS, WM. CUMMINGS and others favored the widening. C. W. HULL and others made objections. Adjourned to Wednesday.

Extension of the Third-avenue Railroad to Harlem Bridge.

The Committee on Railroads of the Board of Aldermen, Ald. DEARE, in the Chair, met yesterday and had under consideration the subject of allowing the Third-avenue Railroad to charge ten cents a passenger to Harlem Bridge, if the road should extend its rails to that point. Members of the road having established the rate at six cents. Mr. WM. A. DARLING, President of the Railroad Company, appeared before the Committee, and urged the necessity of permitting the charge of ten cents. He said that the Company would proceed, upon the completion of the grade of the avenue to Harlem Bridge, to lay the rails ordered by the Common Council, to lay down tracks to that point. He stated that the Company, after the laying of the rails, would put on ten cars to run to and from Harlem Bridge every ten minutes, and run occasional cars all night. He urged that the residents at the upper terminus of the road mainly approved this additional fare asked for.

The Committee will probably report favorably to the proposition.

Court of Inquiry upon Lieut. G. L. Willard, U. S. A.

The Court of Inquiry in this case, Major LAIDLEY President, met again yesterday at 11 A. M. The testimony of Mr. Horace Haldeman was resumed and occupied the entire day. The essential points of the additional evidence elicited was as follows: The check paid to him in July last by the Commissary of New York, in payment of the sales of the pets and the stuffed animals was $1,890. Of this amount on July 24 he paid Major Rains $181 91 on account of temporary fund, $1,708 09 on the next day to Lieut. Willard. The original check was not given to Lieut. Willard, as he was not entitled to such an amount. He did not take a receipt of the amount then paid to Lieut. Willard, as he was not himself responsible for the amount. He received this check as also other checks from the Commissary of New York, by the request of Sergeant Head, and at his request made payment to the parties entitled to the money. He invariably told Sergeant Head what he had done with the checks he paid him to indorse. He knew nothing himself about the exact pt the savings of soldiers' rations other than as shown by the checks received through Sergeant Head. He examined Lieut. Willard's post fund account when a member of the Council of Administration, but never his "depôt fund" account.

Adjourned to 11 A. M. to-day.

☞ The Second Presbytery, (O. S.,) of New-York met last evening in the Stanton-street Church, the meeting being opened by a sermon from Rev. R. W. DICKINSON, D. D.—the subject being the evangelists interview with the Jewish proselyte, or the baptism of the eunuch as recorded Acts 8th, v. 26th to 39th. Few, excepting the delegates, were present. At the close of the discourse, arrangements were made for the meetings for business the ensuing day.

Accident to the New World.

The steamer *New World* left New-York for Albany on Saturday evening, with a large load of freight and passengers. In the vicinity of Catskill she met with an unpleasant accident, breaking her shaft and forcing her commander to return to New-York. The accident will keep her from performing her regular trips about a week.

RELIC OF ANTIQUITY.—Found in Susquehanna River a little below the Owego bridge, on the Tth instant, by RICHARD DEVENS, a Stone Mortar. It is about twelve inches in diameter, five inches deep and almost two inches thick. It is beautifully cut, smooth in the inside and on the outside concentric rings surround it. The stone is greyish and very hard, with apparently no grain. There is no crack or flaw in the mortar. It is more than possible that it is the workmanship of some Indian whose only tool was the flint stone, the marks of which are still manifest upon it.

A lady in the County of Goochland, Va., recently gave birth to three living daughters, all of whom, as well as the mother, were doing well at last accounts. It is said that during Monroe's Administration, a lady of Louisiana gave birth to four sons, whom she named WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON, MADISON and MONROE, all of whom lived to manhood. The same lady, before her death, was the mother of thirty-six children.

In a libel suit brought by JOHN D. HILL vs. AUSTIN FLINT and SANFORD B. HUNT, as editors of the Buffalo *Medical Journal*, the Jury brought in a verdict of damages to the amount of $500.

SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, published THIS MORNING, and for sale at the counter in wrappers ready for mailing, will contain the following articles:

Speech of Governor HUNT at the Clay Banquet.
Address of the National Republican Executive Committee.
Biographical sketches of the late Superintendent MCKEEN and of JOSEPH CURTISS, Esq.
The Peace Conferences in Europe, &c., &c.

☞ Price 6¼ cents per copy. Subscription $3 per annum, in advance.

RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO.,
No. 128 Nassau-street.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Hope, for a season, bade the world farewell,
And Reason fled before the cry of hell.
Till HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, the friend of man,
Dyspepsia cured, and taught sighs to smile again.

PEOPLE ARE SOMETIMES ALMOST UNABLE TO describe their symptoms, and do not know what ails them. They find themselves nervous, weak, and physically prostrated; they have a terrible sinking at the pit of the stomach, a feverish brow, a fetid breath, and a gloomy, foreboding mind. Such symptoms arise from a disorganized stomach and diseased liver. HOSTETTER'S VEGETABLE STOMACH BITTERS are so peculiarly adapted to these symptoms that they give us an appetite, impart tone and vigor to the system, and in every respect build up the broken down and emaciated invalid. They are particularly adapted to weak and delicate females.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & CO., proprietors, Cincinnati; BARNES & PARK, Broadway and Duane-st., are our wholesale agents in New-York, and sold by Mr. HAYES, Brooklyn, and all druggists, grocers and hotels.

TO WHOLESALE AND COUNTRY DRUGGISTS.—BARNES & PARK, No 304 Broadway, corner of Duane-st., New-York, invite the attention of jobbers and other buyers to their immense stock of

PATENT MEDICINES.

By far the largest assortment in either hemisphere, at and below proprietors' prices, by the package, dozen, or 100 gross. Particular attention paid to this branch of the Drug business. Orders solicited, and goods shipped with care to any part of the world. BARNES & PARK,
New-York, Cincinnati, and San Francisco.

ONE-PRICE
CARPET WAREHOUSE,
No. 304 Broadway, corner Franklin-st.
The latest Patterns and best Styles at the lowest prices.

NOW'S YOUR TIME
To get a choice Carpet at a low price.
HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 69 Bowery,
is selling his Velvets, Brussels, Three-Ply and Ingrains less than ever! Go and see!

DEFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES.—ROBERT M PATRICK is the sole manufacturer in the United States of the above celebrated safes and patent powder-proof defiance locks and cross bars. Depôt, No. 192 Pearl-st., one door below Maiden-lane.

H. L. LOVET WOULD INVITE THOSE THAT ARE bald and gray to call at No. 702 Broadway, and he will try for to instruct you how to get back your gray and bald, or new having perfect heads of hair as when young, by the use of his WAMPEH.

HELLER & MERCHANT'S CELEBRATED MEDAL OF all descriptions, with the name engraved on them, promptly executed and sent to the cars, at FAIRCHILD'S Book Warehouse, No. 139 Broadway.

WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

I write this to inform my friends and the public that I was cured in six hours of the worst case of Dyspepsia, after suffering for years, and having tried all the remedies I could hear of, by the use of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. I have been cured of Dyspepsia of long standing. PETER GRAY.

PERUVIAN SYRUP.—I have been troubled with DROPSY.—DAVID ROBINSON, Esq., of Pittsburgh, writes:

"I was, for years of age, and many medical men agreed in pronouncing my case one of hopeless dropsy. I was recommended to try the PERUVIAN SYRUP. I did so, and one bottle gave me relief. Four bottles entirely cured me, and restored me to perfect health. PERUVIAN SYRUP.

DROPSY.—DAVID ROBINSON, Esq., of Pittsburgh, writes:

"I was, for years of age, and many medical men agreed in pronouncing my case one of hopeless dropsy. I was recommended to try the PERUVIAN SYRUP. I did so, and one bottle gave me relief. Four bottles entirely cured me, and restored me to perfect health. PERUVIAN SYRUP.

A Mysterious Disease.—A lady in this city was afflicted for years with a most mysterious disease, which baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. She was finally induced to try the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and was entirely cured by two bottles. PERUVIAN SYRUP.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.—It is with pleasure we speak upon these subjects, as we know that more than one half of our married readers have wives for any enjoyment of life. We, therefore, address those who are willing to make an effort to regain the health of those dearest to them, and recommend to them the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and can recommend the PERUVIAN SYRUP to all afflicted with great pleasure.

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WILSON, FAIRBANKS & CO., Boston,
BARNES & PARK, Wholesale agents, New-York,
and Druggists generally, are now prepared to supply the trade.

GREAT FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA.

WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES
Have stood the test of fire in the late terrible conflagration in Philadelphia.

The following dispatch was then day received from Messrs. S. G. WILDER & CO.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1856.

Messrs. S. G. WILDER & CO.,
No. 128 Water st., New-York:

GENTLEMEN: Your WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAFE, containing your books, papers, &c., &c., belonging to Messrs. Stearns & Marvin, was opened and found in a perfect state of preservation, with their books and papers. Some notes of other parties were of course destroyed.

WILDER'S PATENT dated the above and proved indestructible. STEARNS & MARVIN.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1856.

A good assortment of these celebrated Safes and GLASS-PROOF SAFES, with WILDER'S PATENT DOUBLE-ACTING DOOR-BOLT, and WILDER'S NEW COG WHEEL BANK LOCK, constantly on hand at No. 128 Water-st., New-York, for sale by

S. G. WILDER & CO.,
No. 128 Water-st., near Wall, New-York.
or, No. 82 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

S. G. WILDER & CO.,
Patentees and Manufacturers.

GOLD-STRIPED PIANO.

Rosewood, Gold-Striped Piano, Grand Scale, Overstrung Bass, Agraffe Treble, Full Iron Frame, Three Unisons, Seven Octaves, Carved Legs and Lyre, Full Trichord, Double Repeating Action, Metallic Plate, Fine Tone and Elegant Finish, Warranted for Five Years, for sale at a bargain, at No. 365 Broadway.

Messrs. STEARNS & MARVIN—

GENTLEMEN: One of your Salamander Safes, with Wilder's Patent, was severely tested, by the destruction by fire of our Packing Box Manufactory, last night, and in which was stored a large quantity of Pine Lumber, Shavings, Boards, &c., and a large quantity of Rosin, filled with lumber and boxes, which burned with intense heat.

The safe was located on the second floor, and fell into the fire, where it remained eleven hours until the fire was extinguished, and on being taken out, cooled and opened in the presence of many persons, the contents, consisting of books and valuable papers, were found in good condition, unscorched for fire, and not even dampened.

Please send another Salamander to our address, No. 128 Church-st., and oblige, Yours respectfully,

LOWERING, HAWLEY & CO.

POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

EVERY desirable size, with improved bolts, for sale at reduced prices by the subscribers, at their depôt, No. 128 Water-st.

STEARNS & MARVIN.

IMPORTANT!

YOUR HOUSE BURNED, and your books, papers, &c., destroyed, unless protected with one of WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES.

For the preservation of your books, papers, &c., from fire, proceed at once to the depôt,

NO. 128 WATER-ST., NEW-YORK,
Or No. 82 Walnut-st., Philadelphia,

and obtain one (before it is too late) manufactured by

WILDER'S POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

S. G. WILDER & CO.,
Patentees and Manufacturers.

THE GENUIN HAT.—THERE IS TRUTH AS WELL as poetry in the remark, that "fashion is the mirror of the car of time." As an illustration of the fact, GENIN points to his hats for the present season. If there ever was an improvement upon any similar fabric that ever ornamented the human head, it is to be found in GENIN'S style and achieved nothing for the cranium, but the extremes. His experience and judgment are unrivaled, and manufacture has fully him in announcing the present styles as the most happily conceived and beautifully executed models that have ever adorned the head of a gentleman. Although an improvement upon all the productions of the price is still the same, viz., $4.

GENIN, No. 214 Broadway,
Opposite St. Paul's Church.

WINDOW SHADES.

IMPROVEMENTS AND INVENTIONS.

KELLY & FERGUSON, No. 261 Broadway and Reade-st., have, at great expense, completed and secured their Inventions Apparatus for manufacturing the PATENT SHADES, and are now prepared to supply the trade with an unrivaled assortment, at 10 PER CENT. LESS than ever before sold. As none are allowed to manufacture under our patent, none can compete with us either in style or price. Also, GILT CORNICES, BROCATEL DELAINES, DAMASKS, LACE and MUSLIN CURTAINS &c.

IRON GARDEN ORNAMENTS.

JONES, BERRE & CO.,
No. 336 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,

Manufacture FOUNTAINS of various designs, suitable for courtyards, gardens and public parks, of prices ranging from $25 to $1,000. Also, VASES, from $2 to $100; SETTEES, GARDEN CHAIRS, HORSE and GARDEN BOXES, DOGS, LIONS, DEER, RUSTIC LAMPS, &c. Also, iron and wire work for cemeteries, FLOWER STANDS, POT, BALCONY and VINE TRAINERS and ARBORS, IRON BEDSTEADS, CRIBS, MAT BOXES, &c.

HERNIA.—ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED TO MARSH & CO., by the Industrial Exhibition of all Nations, for their new patent radical cure Truss. Also, the Pair of the American Institute awarded the First Premium in this Truss in 1855. Endorsed as to its superiority over all others by Professor Valentine Mott, Willard Parker, and John B. Carnochan, M. D. All persons in want of a truss, mercantile and other gentlemen, are invited to call and be fitted, at MARSH & CO.'S, No. 25 Maiden-lane, New-York, and MARSH, CORLISS & CO., No. 1 Fourth-st., Cincinnati, Ohio. Open from 7 A. M. until 9 P. M.

HOSTETTER.—NO ARTICLE HAS EVER OBTAINED the same unqualified satisfaction in cases of Dyspepsia and Bilious Complaints as HOSTETTER'S VEGETABLE STOMACH BITTERS. They remove the bile, cause of constipation, impart tone to the system, and give health and vivacity in places of disease and debility. No remedy can afford to be without them. Sold by all druggists, grocers, hotels, &c. BARNES & PARK,
Wholesale Agents, No. 304 Broadway, corner Duane-st.

ELEGANT CARPETINGS.

SMITH & LOUNSBERRY, NO. 455 BROADWAY, are now prepared to exhibit their new Spring styles of Oil Cloths, Velvet tapestry, Brussels, Three-Ply and Ingrain. Among the assortment will be found a large number of new designs and styles never before offered; also, a large stock of oil-cloths of every width, and all other goods connected with the trade.

FINE CLOTHING.—ALFRED MUNROE & CO., No. 441 Broadway, have a fine stock of Spring Overcoats, Business Coats, Pants and Vests. Those in want of any of the above articles will do well to examine their assortment and prices.

BOYS' CLOTHING.—ALFRED MUNROE & CO. invite parents to examine their stock of Boys' Clothing before making their purchases for the coming season. They have all kinds of this Woolen and Linen Goods for fine or common use.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—THE HORACE WATERS agency for the sale of these instruments is removed to No. 333 Broadway. Pianos to rent and rent to be allowed on purchase: Pianos for sale on monthly payments; second-hand Pianos from $60 to $110; Melodeons from $40 to $75.

AMBROTYPES, LARGE SIZE, WITH CASE, FOR 50 cents, JUBB, the celebrated Ambrotypist of the Bowery, challenges the world to produce a picture for the money equal to his. Call and examine specimens. If whom taken, that will equal his 50-cent Ambrotype. Recollect, JUBB, No. 63 Bowery.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE—THE ORIGINAL AND Reliable, the Instantaneous, the only perfect dye known. The above of imitators. Tried by Nature, without the least injurious effect, and the only genuine dye that will satisfy. Sold by all druggists. No. 16 Astor-house, Broadway, and at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 233 Broadway.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.—ALL PERSONS who wish for information in regard to sewing machines can obtain it by applying at our office for circulars of the Singer & Co.'s Gazette, a paper devoted entirely to sewing machines. Office, No. 323 Broadway.
I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 323 Broadway.

STORE FIXTURES FOR SALE.—TWO SPLENDID carved rosewood counters, and show-cases, large French mirrors now in the lower store of the late firm of RICHARD GUILLEMOT & CO., No. 59 Maiden-lane. Also, two large inlaid face of gold scales, a lot of pewter measures and beehives, one large jeweler's safe, gas fixtures, &c.

WIGS, WIGS, WIGS.—BATCHELOR'S WIGS ARE Toupees have improvements peculiar to them both, and excel all others. They are constructed all over the head, the world for their light and easy fitting, and durability. Sold by all druggists. The largest and best stock in the world. Made and sold at BATCHELOR'S, No. 233 Broadway.

D. DEVLIN & CO. BEG TO STATE THAT THEIR wholesale and retail department is now completely stocked with their late and elegant styles of Spring and Summer clothing, which they offer at the lowest cash prices. Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c., at No. 259 Broadway, corner of Murray-st.

Mr. CHARLES HALLE, Director of the Philharmonic Society of this City, will give his first Grand Concert at Metropolitan Hall on TUESDAY EVENING, April 22d, on which occasion he will be assisted by Mr. WILLIAM CRAY and Mr. HENRY C. TIMM, Organists of the Old and New Trinity Churches, Mr. JOSEPH MAAS, the celebrated Violoncellist, and Mr. CARL BERGMANN, the well-known Violinist. Tickets for sale at the door. Lectures to begin at 7 o'clock.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S SALOON.
Respectfully announces that
THIS EVENING, April 13,
and every evening during the week, the public generally will be admitted to see
THE GREAT AMERICAN COMEDIAN,
JOHN E. OWENS,
On TUESDAY EVENING, April 15,
The celebrated comedy of "Self," in which he will appear as Sir Geoffrey Dashwood.
Secure seats at the Box Office.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Lessee and Manager, Mr. MAX MARETZEK.
Musical Director, Mr. CARL ANSCHUTZ.
THIS EVENING, April 13,
Will be performed Donizetti's Opera,
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
Lucia, Mme. ANNA DE LA GRANGE; Edgardo, Mr. CARL FORMES; Enrico, Mr. G. ARDAVANY; Raimondo, Mr. ADOLPHUS PHILLIPS; Arturo, Mr. ALBERTO LABOCETTA; Alisa, Mme. ANNA BISCACCIANTI; Normanno, Mr. ANTONIO GIOVANNOLI.
Conductor, Signor ARDITI.
Doors open at 7—to commence at 8 o'clock.
Box Office open from 10 to 4 o'clock.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE.
SECOND GRAND CONCERT,
By the Tabernacle Choir,
Assisted by the following eminent artists:
T. FRANKLIN BARFORD,
Pianist,
MISS LOUISE PAYNE,
Soprano,
LAVINIA ADAMS,
Contralto.
At Dodworth's Rooms, on FRIDAY EVENING, April 14, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets 50 cents each, to be had at the door, and at the principal music stores.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE.
GRAND CONCERT,
By the Tabernacle Choir,
Assisted by the following eminent artists:
MISS ANNA DE LA GRANGE, Soprano,
Mr. CARL FORMES, Basso,
Mr. ADOLPHUS PHILLIPS, Basso,
Mr. G. ARDAVANY, Tenor,
Mr. ALBERTO LABOCETTA, Tenor,
Signor ARDITI, Conductor.
Also, many amateurs of this city, who will gratuitously assist.
Tickets will be ready for delivering commencing on MONDAY, April 10.
Price 50 cents each.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE,
472 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.
Every evening at 8 o'clock.
Matinee on Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE.
Every evening at 8 o'clock.
Matinee on Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

BELLEVUE GARDEN.
Every evening, at 8 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE.
Every evening at 8 o'clock.
Matinee on Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway and Thirteenth-st.
Lessee and Manager, Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
This evening, April 13,
Will be performed the comedy of
THE ROAD TO RUIN.
Dabbler, Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Sir Harry Dashall, Mr. CHARLES WHEATLEIGH.
Old Dornton, Mr. JOHN GILBERT.
Young Dornton, Mr. CHARLES WALCOT.
Widow Warren, Mrs. G. HOLLAND.
Sophia, Miss AGNES ELLIOTT.
To conclude with the farce of
THE DEUCE IS IN HIM.
Tony Lumpkin, Mr. CHARLES WHEATLEIGH.
Doors open at 7—to commence at 7½ o'clock.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, corner of Broome-st.
Lessee and Manager, Mr. WILLIAM WHEATLEY.
This evening, April 13,
Will be performed the comedy of
THE HEIR AT LAW.
Dr. Pangloss, Mr. J. G. GRIFFITH.
Lord Duberly, Mr. J. W. CARPENTER.
Dick Dowlas, Mr. JOHN SEFTON.
Zekiel Homespun, Mr. WILLIAM WHEATLEY.
Mrs. Pangloss, Mrs. G. HOWARD.
Cicely Homespun, Miss ROSE TELBIN.
To conclude with the farce of
THE SPECTRE BRIDEGROOM.
Doors open at 7—to commence at 7½ o'clock.

LAURA KEENE'S VARIETIES.
Broadway, corner of Prince-st.
Lessee and Manager, Mr. LAURA KEENE.
This evening, April 13,
Will be performed the comedy of
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
Dundreary, Mr. E. A. SOTHERN.
Mr. Trenchard, Mr. C. WYNDHAM.
Mr. Vernon, Mr. J. GILBERT.
Lord Tom Tidkins, Mr. J. PERCY.
Mr. Coddle, Mr. J. LANGDON.
Mr. Sharpe, Mr. J. PEAKE.
Mr. Binney, Mr. J. GRAHAM.
Mrs. Mountchessington, Mrs. G. JORDAN.
Florence Trenchard, Miss EFFIE ELLSLER.
Augusta, Miss LOTTA CRABTREE.
Miss Keene, Miss KEENE.
Doors open at 7—to commence at 7½ o'clock.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS.
Mechanics' Hall, 472 Broadway.
Every evening at 8 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

GERMANIA THEATRE.
Every evening at 8 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE JEWS' DAUGHTER.
A TALE OF CITY LIFE.
By the Author of "The Romance of New-York," etc.
12mo, 75 cents.
GARRETT & CO., No. 15 Ann-st.
Also for sale by all Booksellers.

GREEN MOUNTAIN GIRLS.
WHO DOES NOT LOVE THEM?
See "THE GREEN MOUNTAIN GIRLS."
By Harriet Wood, Esq., of Vermont.
Illustrated by Darley.
From the press of Phillips, Sampson & Co., Boston.
For sale by all Booksellers.

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NOW READY.
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OF
OUTRAM AND HAVELOCK.
By the
Author of "The Life of Havelock."
1 vol., 12mo, with Portraits, Maps, etc.
Price $1 50.
SHELDON & CO., Publishers, 115 Nassau-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.
NOW READY.
THE
LIFE AND TIMES
OF
FRANCIS MARION.
By W. GILMORE SIMMS.
1 vol., 12mo, with Portrait, Maps, etc.
Price $1 50.
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.
NOW READY.
THE
LIFE AND TIMES
OF
NATHANIEL GREENE.
By W. GILMORE SIMMS.
1 vol., 12mo, with Portrait, Maps, etc.
Price $1 50.
SHELDON & CO., Publishers, 115 Nassau-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.
NOW READY.
THE
LIFE AND TIMES
OF
ANDREW JACKSON

FOR SALE.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—No. 4 Bleecker-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET LOW—No. 4 Bleecker-st.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET AT ATTRACTIVE FIGURES—No. 4 Bleecker-st.

COTTAGES FOR SALE IN BEDFORD, Westchester County, Land Agency, No. 261 Broadway, New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—Beautifully situated on the banks of the Passaic River, Passaic County, N. J., 12 miles from New-York City; house contains 12 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, gas, &c.; stable, carriage-house, &c.; 2 acres of land, with fine shade trees, fruit, &c.; 1 hour from Cortlandt-st. Apply to JOHN H. DEY, Passaic, N. J.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—Beautifully situated on the banks of the Passaic River, Passaic County, N. J., 12 miles from New-York City; house contains 12 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, gas, &c.; stable, carriage-house, &c.; 2 acres of land, with fine shade trees, fruit, &c.; 1 hour from Cortlandt-st. Apply to JOHN H. DEY, Passaic, N. J.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—Commanding situation on the Hudson River, 1 hour from New-York; house contains 12 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, gas, &c.; stable, carriage-house, &c.; 2 acres of land, with fine shade trees, fruit, &c.; 1 hour from Cortlandt-st. Apply to JOHN H. DEY, Passaic, N. J.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET—Commanding situation on the banks of the Passaic River, Passaic County, N. J., 12 miles from New-York City

RAILROADS.

AMERICAN LAKE SHORE RAILROAD LINE.

BUFFALO AND NEW CLEVELAND AND ERIE.

CONNECTING AND FORMING THE

SHORTEST AND BEST ROUTE

BETWEEN

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

Passengers by this route have the choice of Steamers on the Lakes or Railroad between Buffalo and Cleveland.

Office of the Cleveland, Painesville & Ashtabula Railroad Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 14, 1864.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE.

THE "OLDEST ESTABLISHED" AND

MOST DIRECT ROUTE

BETWEEN

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO.

Office of the Cleveland & Toledo R. R. Co.,
Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 14, 1864.

NEW JERSEY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S LINE.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, BORDENTOWN AND TRENTON.

Office of the New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Co.,
No. 229 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, Nov. 14, 1864.

NEW JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA, BORDENTOWN AND TRENTON.

Office of the New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Co.,
No. 229 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, Nov. 14, 1864.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, BORDENTOWN AND TRENTON.

JOHN PATTEN, General Agent.

ALBANY AND TROY STEAMBOATS.

THE ELMS, Agent.

ZINC PAINTS.

ZINC PAINTS.

ZINC PAINTS.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE METROPOLITAN BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MECHANICS AND TRADERS' BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCANTILE BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE METROPOLIS BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MARKET BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MARINE BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MARKET FIELD BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MECHANICS' AND FARMERS' BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MECHANICS' BANK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF NEW-YORK, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF COMMERCE, in the City of New-York, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF BROOKLYN, in the City of Brooklyn, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF ALBANY, in the City of Albany, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF BOSTON, in the City of Boston, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA, in the City of Montreal, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF PHILADELPHIA, in the City of Philadelphia, on the 10th day of April, 1865.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF BALTIMORE, in the City of Baltimore

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[illegible]

GEORGE W. MORTON, City Inspector.
City Inspector's Office, New-York, April 12, 1856.

SUPREME COURT.

In the matter of the application of the Mayor, &c., for the widening of Baxter-street from Pearl-street to Park-row.—The Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, appointed to make the awards for lands taken for this improvement, awarded for the strip of land between Nassau-street and Park-row the sum of $32,000. The award was made in pursuance of the directions of the statute, to unknown owners, and the land has been taken for the improvement and the money deposited in Court.

The present proceeding was instituted to ascertain the rights of the respective claimants to the fund or the sum thus awarded.

A reference has been had and the report of the referee is now before the Court for confirmation.

The land taken was originally owned by the Corporation of the City of New-York, who granted it to the ministers and others of the English Presbyterian Church on the 28th of February, 1766. This deed is an absolute conveyance in fee to the grantees "their heirs and assigns forever," of the triangular piece of ground bounded by Nassau and Beekman streets and Park-row.

This grant was upon condition that the grantees should erect thereon, within ten years, a church or edifice for public worship and should use the same or some part thereof, for a cemetery or churchyard, and should not at any time thereafter appropriate, apply or convert the same to private secular uses. This latter condition is not mentioned in the petition to the Common Council in the report of the Committee to whom same was referred, or required by the vote of the Common Council; passed Feb. 22, 1768, authorizing and directing the conveyance to be made.

It is not apparent by what authority it was inserted in the deed. On the 31st of August, 1784, the grantees in the above conveyance conveyed the premises therein described to the First Presbyterian Church of the City of New-York. This is an absolute conveyance of all the right, title and interest of the grantors in the premises. The grantees covenant to pay the rent reserved in the deed from the Mayor, &c., of Feb. 26, 1768.

On the first day of May, 1800, the Corporation of the Brick Presbyterian Church in the City of New-York was formed, and by deed, dated May 29, 1800. The trustees of the First Presbyterian Church granted the said premises to the Corporation of the Brick Church.

On May 31, 1830, as appears from the church minutes, Mr. McDougal, one of the trustees, reported, "that several persons had applied to him, to know whether they could have the privilege of *purchasing the ground* for burying-vaults in the new churchyard. Whereupon, the trustees resolved to grant that privilege to such persons as apply for the same, on the same terms, for the same dimensions, as such are granted by the Dutch Consistory."

June 5, Mr. Livingston reports "to the trustees that, in pursuance of the order of the Board, he has inquired of the Dutch Consistory the dimensions and terms on which they grant vaults in their churchyard, which is as follows, viz: for vaults, thirteen and a half feet by ten and a half, in the clear, with room for the steps, they grant it to be forever for $15, subject to all the usual charges for burying, *except paying for the ground.* The Board then resolved that they will grant the privilege of vaults in the new church on the same terms."

June 27, 1796, a Committee was appointed by the Board of Trustees for the purpose of laying out the ground in the yards of the two churches for vaults, and to dispose of the spaces so laid out to such persons as may apply for the same at the price of $15 for each lot. And it was further ordered that deeds be prepared and executed for the same. The land taken for widening of Baxter-street embraces thirteen pieces of graveyard ground (four laid out, one of which was the minister's vault and not conveyed). The testimony taken before the referee tends to show that the deeds for five of these parcels of ground were in the form of that to Dewitt & Quackenbos, and were given between May 31, 1796, and June 27, 1796. That the deeds for the remaining parcels were like them to Thomas and William Ash and William Irving.

The first class are in the form of a deed con. 25 ft. to the grantees, their heirs and assigns forever, of *"all that small parcel of ground under the earth."* "And is already conveyed into a vault for the interment of the dead," with liberty to pass and repass, to open the ground for the purpose of making interments in, and to cover the passage into the vault with a stone even with the surface of the ground. "And the succession and successions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits of the same with the appurtenances." Habendum, "the said vault, *and of land* and premises hereby granted," "to the said parties of the second part, their heirs and assigns forever."

The second class of conveyances are in form of a lease for 999 years for a piece or parcel of ground 18½ feet in length and 15 feet in breadth, for the purpose of constructing a vault for the interment of the dead reserving a rent annually for one year of Indian corn with the proviso that the lease shall not appropriate the said piece or parcel of ground "*to any use or purpose whatsoever other than the interment of the dead.*"

Each of these 13 pieces of ground contains 142 square feet.

The amount alleged by the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment for the land taken was $26,000, being $183 33 per soldier foot.

The proportionate share of each of these pieces would be, consequently, $1,916 66 if the vault owners are the absolute proprietors in fee of the land granted.

Mr. J. S. Shepard, counsel to the Corporation.
Mr. Hall and Mr. Hudson for the Brick Church.
Mr. J. F. Bingham for owners of vault No. 1.
Mr. A. J. Vandegoed for vault No. 2.
Mr. L. S. Chatfield and Mr. J. A. Stoutenburg for vaults Nos. 4 and 13.
Mr. G. W. Wright for vaults Nos. 5 and 9.
Mr. T. Burwell for vault No. 6.
Mr. P. M. Irving for vault No. 7.
Mr. Nagle for vault No. 8.
Mr. Neale and Mr. White for vault No. 11.
Mr. J. H. Wood and Mr. Marberry for vault No. 12.
Mr. Holden for vault No. 13.

DAVIES, JUSTICE.—The first question that presents itself for disposition is, what interest, if any, had the Corporation of the City of New-York in the fund of $32,000 in question? I cannot better explain my views upon this subject than by quoting the language of the learned referee, whose report is now before me.

[This report has already been published.]

In these views I entirely concur. On the argument the counsel to the Corporation submitted his views in writing, enquiring in said report, though he did not agree in the reasoning, by which the referee has arrived at his conclusion, concerning the rights of the Corporation in the case.

He stated:

1. That the Corporation do not regard the exercise of the right of eminent domain in widening Beekman-street as an act of the Corporation of the Brick Church, and therefore they do not conceive that any forfeiture was wrought thereby.

2. They do not conceive that the possible forfeiture entitled the City Corporation to the fund in question. On the contrary, the condition not having been broken, they admit the right of the Corporation of the Brick Church or their grantees to the fund. Whether the Church or their grantees shall have this fund, or in what proportion the same shall be distributed, are questions which the Corporation of New-York do not discuss.

3. The only claim, therefore, which they present in further for the enlargement of a portion of the ground rent under section 161 of the act of April 9, 1813.

The next and serious question in the case is: What are the relative rights of the Brick Church, and the vault owners, in the said fund?

It is well stated by the Referee, that "I cannot do better than use his language:

"It is claimed, in behalf of the vault owners, that the grants from the Church were intended to convey, and did legally convey, the fee of the land occupied by the vaults and their rear; that the Church retained no legal estate or interest in the land so conveyed, and cannot rightfully claim any portion of the sum awarded as its value, but that said vault owners are entitled each to their ratable proportion of the sum awarded, to wit: in the ratio borne by the area of the land occupied by said vaults and steps, to the area of the whole of the land taken, being, as shown by the proofs, at $92 50 for each vault.

This claim is contested by the Church on the ground that the grants of the vaults were not intended to convey, and did not convey, any portion of the legal fee, but only a privilege or easement in the land to bury the dead, that the whole legal estate in the land remained in the Church, subject only to such privileges or easement, and that the possession of each of the vault owners who produces no grant or paper title proves only that as occupants they were conferred a similar privilege or easement.

"The vault owners are in error in supposing that the Church intended to convey or did in fact convey any portion of the land occupied by the steps to the vaults.

"I gather from the resolutions of the Trustees of the Church that it was their intention to grant a piece of ground 13½ feet by 10½ for the purpose of burying the dead; and I am clear of the opinion that the deeds executed and delivered did convey the right to use a piece of ground of those dimensions, and nothing more for that purpose, except the right to have steps into the vault by occupying sufficient of adjacent land for that purpose, and to cover such steps with a flat stone even with the surface of the ground, so as to have access to the vault for all purposes necessary for the purposes of interments therein.

"I think it may be also presumed that each vault-owner received from the Church a deed of a similar character to those produced. The five vault-owners whose titles accrued previous to 1795 of the character of that to Dewitt & Quackenbos, and the seven whose title was acquired mediately or immediately by sale, similar to those to Messrs. Ash and Mr. Irving.

We now arrive at the serious question in the case, and that is, what estate was granted by these conveyances to the grantees by the Church?

It was an incident at common law to every corporation to have a capacity to purchase alien lands and chattels unless they were specially restrained by their charter or by statute. Independent of positive law all corporations have the absolute *jus disponendi* of lands and chattels, neither limited as to objects nor circumscribed as to quantity, and this common law right of disposition continued in England until it was taken away as to religious corporations by several restraining statutes in the reign of Elizabeth. We have not reenacted in New-York those disabling acts. [3 Kent's Comm., pp. 313, 314.]

Although these statutes have not been reenacted in this State, yet as they attend the common law, they are binding here. Chan. Kent, 3 Comm., p. 306, lays down the rule, that it is the established doctrine that English statutes formed before the emigration of our ancestors and applicable to our situation, and in amendment of the law, constitute a part of the common law of this country. See cases cited, and particularly Bogardus' Trinity Church, 4 Paige's, p. 198. The act of March 14, 1788, 30th section, chapter 40, authorized the Chancellor to make an order permitting a religious corporation to make sale of any real estate belonging to it. The objects and reasons of this act are fully discussed by Chancellor Walworth in the case of the Garden-street Church, 4 Paige, 77 [vol. 23.] He there arrives at the conclusion that previous to the act of 1813 a religious corporation could not make sale of its real estate, and that the intention of that act was to give to every religious corporation an unlimited power to convey any real property held by them with the consent of the Chancellor. And in that case he held that the corporation could not sell or make a good title without the previous consent of the Chancellor.

It is, therefore, clear to my mind that an absolute right or title in fee of the soil belonging to this religious corporation could not have been granted previous to the act [illegible]

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